



DRASTIC GOVERNMENT ORDER CLOSES MANUFACTURING PLANTS FOR FIVE DAYS

ENTERPRISES IN ALL STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER MUST SUSPEND OPERATIONS BEGINNING TOMORROW

BUSINESS GENERALLY MUST IN ADDITION OBSERVE MONDAY AS HOLIDAY FOR NEXT TEN WEEKS

Government's Move Comes Entirely Without Warning In Order Issued By Fuel Administrator Garfield With Approval of Pres. Wilson Will Close All Munition Plants

DECIDED UPON AS DESPERATE REMEDY FOR THE FUEL CRISIS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16. — American manufacturing enterprises, with but few exceptions, in all states east of the Mississippi river were ordered by the government tonight to suspend operations for five days beginning Friday morning as a drastic measure for relieving the fuel famine.

At the same time as a further means of relief it was directed that industry and business generally including all normal activities that require heated buildings, observe as a holiday every Monday for the next ten weeks.

This will close down on Mondays not only factories, but saloons, stores, except for the sale of drugs and food, places of amusement and nearly all office buildings.

"While the order does not mention ship yards, it is known that they will be permitted to continue operations as usual, although munitions plants will be closed.

The government's move came entirely without warning in an order issued by Fuel Administrator Garfield with the approval of President Wilson prescribing stringent restrictions governing distribution and use of coal. It was decided upon hurriedly by the president and government heads as a desperate remedy for the fuel crisis and the transportation tangle in the eastern states.

Even munition plants are not excepted from the closing down order.

Officials tonight would not discuss the far-reaching effects the action would have on the industrial fabric and questions as to how the order was to be interpreted to meet specific problems went unanswered.

The order prescribes a preferential list of consumers in whose interest it was drawn. These users will get coal in the following order:

Railroads. Household consumers, hospitals, charitable institutions, and army and navy cantonments.

Public utilities, telephone and telegraph plants.

Strictly government enterprises, excepting factories and plants working on government contracts.

Public buildings and necessary government, state and munition plants.

Factories producing perishable foods and foods for immediate consumption.

Announcement of the provisions of the order was made by Fuel Administrator Garfield after White House conference which was attended also by Secretaries Baker and Daniels.

Necessary Under Circumstances. Earlier in the day Dr. Garfield had sought the views of other officials and it was said tonight that the unanimous opinion was that the measure contemplated was necessary under the circumstances. As first drawn and as approved at the white house the order called for the closing of factories beginning tomorrow morning. This was changed upon consideration of the confusion which would result when millions of workers went to their duties unaware of the government's step.

Inclusion of war industries among those to which fuel will be denied caused some surprise. War fuel officials explained tonight that war plants had been produced so much more material than the transportation systems can handle that no serious effects would be felt. War supplies manufactured for export have moved to seaboard faster than ships can move them.

An exception is made in the case of shipbuilding plants because of the great need for vessels to move supplies already ready for shipment over seas.

To Increase Production. Fuel administration officials will make an effort to increase production.

Comment

Nation's Business Men Do Not Look with Favor On Administrator Garfield's Order

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 16.—The closing of the cotton mills here in accordance with the order of the national fuel administration will mean a saving of from 25,000 to 40,000 tons of coal and a loss in wages to employees of approximately \$1,000,000, according to estimates of manufacturers tonight.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 16.—Approximately 250,000 Detroit workmen will lose \$4,600,000 in wages by the five days suspension of operations called for in Dr. Garfield's fuel conservation order, according to statistics compiled by the board of commerce tonight.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 16.—Minnesota manufacturers willingly will conform to the order of Fuel Administrator Garfield according to John F. Magee, state administrator. "I do not anticipate any difficulty," he said. "We have not suffered the serious shortages of coal, sugar and other necessities."

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Protests against Fuel Administrator Garfield's order were made tonight by representatives of various manufacturers. Among them are the State Laundry Owners' association, Chicago Brewers' association, Brick-makers' association and State Teachers' association.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Nearly nine thousand manufacturing plants in Chicago manufacturing district will be shut down and 400,000 persons will stop work under Mr. Garfield's order, it is estimated. The Chicago district takes in the big steel plants at Gary, Ind., East Chicago and Hammond and the Calumet and North Townships.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 16.—Duluth and Superior will be without gas for either lighting or heating if the federal coal saving order is carried out to the letter, both cities being supplied by the Zenith Furnace company. The main activity of the Zenith Furnace company is manufacturing cast iron and steel with gas manufacture as a side issue. Should the company have to cease operations gas will be cut off.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Fuel administrators in New York tonight declined to discuss Administrator Garfield's drastic order for conservation of fuel, until they had opportunity to digest the new regulations which came as a complete surprise.

Business men were not so reticent and it was easily gathered from their remarks that they did not look with favor on the order. Most of them, especially newspaper publishers expressed more or less confusion as to what it meant.

A delegation of theatrical men announced they would go to Washington tonight and appeal to the administration to permit them to keep open Monday but close Tuesdays. It was explained by them that the "physiological" effect on the public of having a holiday Monday and no place to go except home would be demoralizing upon the New York public.

Fuel Administrator's Statement

Fuel Administrator Garfield issued this statement: "Adverse weather conditions in the recent week and the inadequacy of the present coal supply and transportation facilities to meet the war time demand have made necessary immediate restrictive measures as to the use of coal in that part of the United States east of the Mississippi river. "The movement of coal in transportation must be so directed as to aid the director-general of railways in dealing with the railroad emergency created by recent blizzard conditions. Domestic consumers of coal must be kept warm and other absolutely necessary consumers must be supplied. "All industry must be fully restricted in its use of coal in order that the available supply for the remainder of the winter may be properly distributed and may be made sufficient for absolutely essential needs during the remainder of the winter. "To meet these necessities, the fuel administration has ordered as an immediate emergency measure that on the days of January 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22, preference and priority in the use of coal shall be given only to those consumers whose consumption of coal is absolutely necessary. These include in order:

"Railroads, domestic consumers, hospitals and charitable institutions, public utilities, ships at tidewater for bunker purposes, United States government use, municipal or county governments for necessary public use, manufacturers of perishable food, or food for immediate consumption. "During the five days designated no manufacturing industry shall be allowed to operate even if it has its coal supply on hand. By this means all industry will be placed on an equal footing and each will be called upon to make its share of sacrifice necessary to maintain the nation at the highest possible point of military and economic efficiency for the prosecution of the war. In addition to this emergency restriction over the designated five days, the fuel administration has ordered that all use of fuel except by consumers classed as absolutely necessary shall be prohibited on Monday of each week from January 23 to March 25—that is on January 28, Feb. 4, 11, 18, 25 and March 4, 11, 18, 25. "The order under which these restrictions are made is designed to distribute with absolute impartiality the burden of patriotic denial. All classes of business are treated alike. "Except on the days covered in the order the normal supply of coal to all consumers will be maintained, the necessary consumers designated in the order are given preference and priority in the delivery and use of coal at all times as well as on the days when other use of coal is prohibited. "The United States fuel administration counts on the complete patriotic co-operation of every individual firm and corporation affected by the order in its enforcement. Every effort will be made by the fuel administration and other government officials charged with the enforcement of the ordinary course of business. "It is the earnest desire of the fuel administration to prevent entirely any permanent dislocation of industry or labor."

Abstract Given Out By Government

The text of the order has not been completed at a late hour tonight. An abstract which was said to cover all of its provisions given by the fuel administration follows:

One: Further order of the United States fuel administrator all persons selling fuel in whatever capacity shall give preference to orders for necessary requirements.

(a) Of railroads. (b) Of domestic consumers, hospitals, charitable institutions and army and navy cantonments.

(c) Of public utilities, telephone and telegraph plants.

(d) Of ships and vessels for bunker purposes.

(e) Of the United States for strictly governmental purposes, not including orders from or for factories or plants working on contracts for the United States.

(f) Of municipal, county or state governments for necessary public uses.

(g) Of manufacturers of perishable food or of food for necessary immediate consumption.

"The order further provides that on Jan. 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22, 1918, no fuel shall be delivered to any person, firm, association or corporation any uses or requirements not included in the foregoing list until the requirements included in the list shall have been first delivered.

"On Jan. 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22, 1918, and also on each and every Monday beginning January 28, 1918, and continuing up to and including March 25, 1918, no manufacturing plant shall burn fuel or use power derived from fuel for any purpose except—

(a) Such plants as from their nature must be continuously operated seven days each week to avoid serious injury to plant itself or its contents. (b) Manufacturers of perishable foods. (c) Manufacturers of food not perishable and not in immediate administration of the state in which such plant is located or by its representative authorized therefore upon application by the United States food administrator.

"On each Monday beginning January 21, 1918, and continuing up to and including Monday, March 25, 1918, no fuel shall be burned (except to such extent as is essential to prevent injury to property from freezing) for the purpose of supplying heat for:

(a) Any business of professional offices, except offices used by the United States, state, county or municipal governments, transportation companies or which are occupied by banks and trust companies or by physicians or dentists. (b) Wholesale or retail stores or any other stores, business houses or buildings whatever except that for the purpose of selling food only for which purposes stores may maintain necessary heat until 12 o'clock noon for the purpose of selling drugs and medical supplies only, stores may maintain necessary heat throughout the day and evenings. (c) Theaters, moving picture houses, bowling alleys, billiard rooms, private or public dance halls or any other place of amusement. On the above specified Mondays, no fuel shall be burned for the purpose of heating rooms or buildings in which liquor is sold on those days. No fuel shall be burned on any of the foregoing specified Mondays for the purpose of supplying for the movement of surface, elevated subway or suburban cars or trams in excess of the amount used on the Sundays previous thereto.

The order provides that nothing in this order shall be held to forbid the burning of fuel to heat rooms or such portions of buildings as are used in connection with the production or distribution of fuel.

"State fuel administrators are authorized by the order to issue orders on special applications for relief where necessary to prevent injury to health or destruction of or injury to property by fire or freezing. "The order is effective in all of the territory of the United States east of the Mississippi river including the whole of the states of Louisiana and Minnesota."

WANT U. S. TO TAKE OVER PACKING PLANTS

Chicago Labor Delegation to Urge Move on Wilson

Representatives of Every Craft in the Industry Depart for Washington—Will Guarantee Full Handed Equipment for Every Packing Plant in U. S.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—The immediate taking over of all the packing plants in the United States will be urged upon President Wilson by a delegation representation every craft in the industry and headed by John Fitzpatrick, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, which departed for Washington tonight. A statement issued by representatives of the employees said:

"The organized packers of the country have refused to meet us or to co-operate with us in any manner in this great world crisis. They have brazenly repudiated the solemn agreement entered into between the president and ourselves thru his mediation committee upon last Christmas morning. The packing industry is the most vital and important one in the nation. To permit this industry during the progress of a world war to remain in the private hands of a very few men would not only be ridiculous from the standpoint of governmental policy but highly dangerous to the cause of civilization and world democracy for which we are struggling. "The workers will propose to President Wilson that in case the plants are taken over they will enlist as the first members of America's industrial army and will guarantee the government full handed equipment for every packing plant in the United States. They also propose to leave all conditions of employment and wages to the government."

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STATE DEPARTMENT PUBLISHES EVIDENCE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Evidence which will play a part in the treason trial of former Premier Caillaux in France was given to the public by the state department today in another series from the department's store of intercepted correspondence. The messages, exchanged between Count von Bernstorff, former ambassador here and the Berlin foreign office show that during his visit to Argentina in 1915 Caillaux was in communication with German agents, condemning the French government and asking that his position at home be not damaged by praise from the German newspapers.

A final dispatch gave notice that the captain of the ship on which Caillaux was sailing carried important papers and urged that in case the vessel was captured Caillaux "in an unobtrusive way be treated with every courtesy and consideration. "The messages were furnished to the French government before Caillaux's arrest. It is understood that they were made public here by arrangement with Paris.

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Regarding the difference between the two markets, Mr. Craighead said his information led to different conclusions from that reached by John H. Bangs, resident manager for Swift & Co., who testified yesterday that the St. Paul market is usually only twenty five cents lower.

It was announced that the commission would wind up its inquiry here tomorrow afternoon and leave tomorrow for Sioux City where conditions will be taken up Friday morning.

NORTHWEST SHIPPERS SUFFER HEAVY LOSS

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 16.—Because of the difference between the South St. Paul market and the Chicago market, northwest cattle shippers suffered a loss of \$7,072,857 in 1915, A. N. Craighead, a Sheburne county shipper testified before a federal trade commission here today.

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APPOINTED CLUB COACH.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Otto Knabbe, a veteran National League star, has been appointed coach and assistant manager of the Chicago Nationals, Charles H. Weeghman, president of the club announced tonight.

WEATHER INDICATIONS AND TEMPERATURES.

Illinois: Partly cloudy Thursday, probably snow flurries north, colder at night; Friday fair and continued cold.

Temperatures.

The current, maximum and minimum temperatures as recorded for Wednesday were:

Jacksonville	11	23	1
Boston	28	30	22
Buffalo	22	22	-6
New York	28	28	18
New Orleans	48	54	40
Chicago	14	17	7
Detroit	18	22	6
Omaha	18	18	10
Minneapolis	14	14	4
Helena	20	26	12
San Francisco	58	62	50
Winnipeg	-4	16	0

WHITE BLAMES ROADS

Fuel Administrator's Labor Adviser Asserts Trouble Is With Railroads

HAVE NOT KEPT PACE WITH COUNTRY

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 16.—Leaders among the fifteen hundred delegates here from the twenty one coal producing states of the country, attending the biennial convention of the United Mine Workers of America, expressed sympathy today for people and business interests in many sections that are suffering from fuel shortage in the present severe weather. The announcement from Washington, shutting down manufacturing industries for five days made the miners realize more than ever before the seriousness of the situation and the importance of their work to the comfort and prosperity of the people. As serious as the situation is, the miners say they feel they have done all that is possible under present conditions to relieve the situation.

"The trouble is with the railroads," said John P. White, former president of the miners' union who is now associated with national fuel administrator Garfield as labor adviser. Mr. White who is attending the convention as a delegate said:

"It is not a question of production. There is plenty of production, but the railroads cannot move the coal that is mined. There are miners walking the streets in mining towns right now, unemployed, because the railroads don't furnish cars. There are miles and miles of loaded coal cars on railroad tracks that are not moving. The trouble is the country has outgrown the railroads. The railroads have not kept the pace."

Mr. White's remarks regarding idle time among the miners was confirmed in talks with many delegates from different parts of the country. One leader said there is no general idleness everywhere, but in spots, many spots, he said, men are working full time.

In the Central Pennsylvania bituminous fields one delegate said, some miners are working on an average of 3 and 4 days a week for the last three or four weeks.

In parts of the anthracite regions coal companies are not only unable to get cars but are not able to get sufficient timber, because of railroad congestion, to timber the mines.

This means that operations must be suspended until the working places are made safe for the men. The miners today received a practical demonstration of what a coal shortage means. Their convention adjourned before noon until tomorrow to permit committees to meet. This gave more than a thousand of them an afternoon off but there was no place to go because the county fuel administrator last night ordered all theaters, moving picture houses, bowling alleys, billiard and pool rooms, lodge rooms, saloons and churches to close at once and remain closed until further notice.

There was some grumbling among the miners over the restricted freedom, but all realized the probable necessity of the action.

The convention did very little today. Former President White made a strong plea for the ratification of the Washington wage agreement thru which the miners received an advance in wages. The early adjournment for the evening enabled committee men to confer a large amount of business before the convention.

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MEMBER THE ASSOCIATED PRESS
The Associated Press is exclusively
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tion of all news dispatches cred-
ited to it or not otherwise credited
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news published herein.

The week beginning Jan. 21 is
enrollment week for boys willing to
work on farms next summer.

The postmaster at Beardstown has
resigned. A most unprecedented
case.

An investigation of congressional
affairs by a judicial body has been
suggested. Who vouches for the
judicial?

There are 211 Democrats in the
lower house of congress and 209
Republicans—and we believe the Re-
publicans are working more faith-
fully to support the administration
than the 211.

It is said New York lawyers are
against prohibition because it might
curtail their practice in criminal
courts. Locomotive engineers, how-
ever are enthusiastic in their war
on King Alcohol.

Two cent passenger fares in Illi-
nois being upheld by the highest
court of the land, it now devolves on
the railroad companies to pay back to
the passengers the millions of
dollars that they collected. Every
man of whom they collected excess
fare was given a rebate ticket, to be
cashed by the company in case the
court should find against the
railroads. W. N. Haigrove, of this
city, was one of the earliest to pro-
test against railroads collecting the
extra fares, on making a trip to
Quincy some years ago.

VIEWS OF A GERMAN.

Otto H. Kahn, of New York, was
born in Germany, but in speaking of
present German rulers says:
"Until the outbreak of the war in
1914 I maintained close and active
personal and business relations with
Germany. I was well acquainted
with some of the leading personages
of the country. I served in the
German army thirty years ago. I

took an active interest in furthering
German art in America.
"I do not apologize for, nor am I
ashamed of my German birth. But I
am ashamed—bitterly and grievously
ashamed—of the Germany which
stands convicted before the highest
tribunal of the world's public opin-
ion of having planned and willed
war; of the revolting deeds commit-
ted in Belgium and northern France;
of the infamy of the Lusitania mur-
ders; of innumerable violations of
the Hague convention and the law
of nations; of the abominable and
perfidious plotting in friendly coun-
tries and shameful abuse of their
hospitality; of crime heaped upon
crime, in defiance of the laws of
God and man.

"I cherish the memories of my
youth, but these very memories
make me cry out in pain and wrath
against those who have befouled the
spiritual soil of the old Germany in
which they were rooted."

AN ENGLISH VIEW POINT

The London Observer said editor-
ially recently:
"America has already mobilized
1,400,000 men; 500,000 more will
be mobilized next month, and
further half-million contingents will
come along in quarterly installments
as long as the war lasts. This is not a
bad beginning. President Wilson is
keeping his word. America is out for
a whole, not a half, victory. How
many men are already in France
cannot be told, but all who can ob-
tain permission to go to France
should see for themselves what Gen-
eral Pershing is doing, silently,
quietly, unostentatiously, but with
grim and ruthless intention. He has
collected round him a staff of tin-
clipped, determined men, who mean
business if ever men did. Much
might be written about the Ameri-
can Army now in making, but for
the present silence is more useful
than words.

DEFENDING THE
RED CROSS.

It seems strange indeed that there
should at any time need to be a de-
fense of the Red Cross society but
not long since Henry P. Davison, as
president of the national organiza-
tion made such a defense in a New
York speech. It was the statement of
Mr. Davison that unpleasant rumors
started from time to time about
Red Cross activities were really the
work of German agents and intended
to mar the efficacy of the work. He
related one instance of receiving a
message from a U. S. senator while
he was attending a session of the na-
tional council of the organization.
This senator expressed his regret
that no Catholic was permitted to
hold a high office in the organiza-
tion. All that Mr. Davison did was to
turn to two members of the council
who were then in conference with
him, men who are Catholics, and

they gave the answer to the senator.
This is just a sample of the state-
ments made with reference to the
Red Cross for the purpose of in-
jury.
In his defense of the organization
Mr. Davison said "We can show you
in the Red Cross as fine a collection
of Baptists, Methodists, colored peo-
ple and every other kind of people
there is on the face of the earth.
As to German-Americans, I do not
know any. There used to be some
and some of those who were Ger-
man-American are today among the
most loyal and ardent supporters of
our Red Cross work."

Rippling Rhymes
By WALT MASON

BILL'S PROPHECY

It was away last winter the Ger-
man ruler said, in substance, to the
printer, "We'll paint the ocean red!
With unrestrained sinking of every-
thing that floats, we'll end the war.
I'm thinking, and get the Allies'
goats. Two months is all we need
of action in the seas, and you'll
see Britain pleading for mercy, on
her knees! Oh, England, you had
better take in your ancient sign!
Gee whizz and donnerwetter, the
seas will soon be mine!" And Bill's
been submarining like blitzen ever
since. "What is old England mean-
ing?" he asks of the crown prince.
"We've sent ships to the bottom as
fast as they could scoot, yet British-
ers, did not 'em, don't seem to care
a hoot. I said, in the beginning, I
needed sixty days, a triumph to be
winning, with laurel wreaths and
bay. My campaign's hit the ceiling!
Excuse these briny tears. I
don't see England kneeling in less
than sixty years." "Oh, sire," the
prince makes answer, while tears
flow in a flood, "it seems our name
is Pance or perhaps it's Hohen-Mud.
In spite of all our slaying, no prize
the struggle yields; oh, that we two
were maying, down in the pretzel
fields." Old England still goes boat-
ing, her flag is in the breeze, her
bulwarks still are floating, she's mis-
tress of the seas.

SAVE WATER
Consumers are helping with
economy methods in water us-
ing but we must ask for even
more help. Cut down consump-
tion and help keep the city
safe from fires.
Joshua Vasconcellos,
Commissioner

FUNERALS

Crouse

Funeral services for John H.
Crouse were held from the Old Peo-
ples home on Grove street at 2
o'clock Wednesday afternoon in
charge of the Rev. Myron L. Ponti-
us pastor of Central Christian
church. Music was furnished by
Miss Marie Finney, Miss Lorine De-
weese, C. L. Mathis and W. W. Gil-
ham. The flowers were cared for by
Mrs. H. C. Clement and Miss Laura
Cox. Burial was in Diamond Grove
cemetery the bearers being W. O.
Walt, E. B. Wiswell, Charles Story,
A. C. Rice, Charles Martin and H. C.
Clement.

Woods.
The funeral of A. J. Woods was
held at 10 o'clock Wednesday morn-
ing at First Methodist church at
Waverly in charge of the pastor,
Rev. F. E. Smith, assisted by Rev.
E. L. Pletcher and Rev. J. O. Kirk-
patrick of Jacksonville. There was
a large attendance of relatives and
friends and the church was well fil-
led. Suitable music for the occasion
was rendered by a quartet composed
of Wayne Carter, Dr. N. J. Hughes,
Miss Weimpe and Mrs. Fred Dennis.
The flowers were cared for by Miss
Madge Deatherage, Miss Eola Pease
and Miss Josie Stockdale. The bear-
ers were Mr. B. Rohrer, A. C. Moffet,
Edward Weimpe, Ed Curry, Albert
Hall and J. C. Deatherage. Burial
was in Waverly cemetery.

Summers.
Funeral services for Mrs. Eliza-
beth Summers were held at the
Church at Little Indian Wednesday
morning at 9 o'clock in charge of
Rev. W. R. Leslie, pastor of Cen-
tenary church of this city. The body
was taken to Little Indian on the
7:40 C. P. & St. L. train yesterday
morning. Those who were in charge
of the flowers were Mrs. Bert Thom-
as and Mrs. E. S. Orne. Suitable
music was furnished by a quartet
composed of Mrs. Harry Stevenson,
Mrs. Gertrude Anderson, Mrs. E. S.
Orne, Mr. Len Litter. The pall bear-
ers were August Hagerstrom, L. L.
Litter, Charles Rohn, Charles Stev-
enson, John Asplund and W. E.
Smith.

WITH THE SICK

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Stevenson have
received word of the serious illness
of their son in a hospital in Spring-
field. His condition is not what
could be desired though it is hoped
he will speedily improve.

PROBATE COURT.

In the matter of the estate of
Allen Spainhower, petition for let-
ters of administration was allowed
and letters ordered to issue to Mat-
tie Spainhower, with bond in the
sum of \$44,000.

In the matter of the guardianship
of Margaret C. Thompson and Rich-
ard D. Thompson, guardian's report
was approved and guardian dis-
charged as to Margaret C. Thomp-
son.
In the estate of James Whalen the
final report was approved.
In the estate of Jabez Mitchell,
letters of administration on petition
were ordered to issue to Nellie Tay-
lor.

MATHIS, KAMM & SHIRE SAY
They have just received a large
shipment of rubbers of various kinds
suitable for snowy weather.

DRASTIC FUEL ORDER MEANS WAGELESS DAYS.

All things considered, the most
drastic war order of them all was
that launched last night from Wash-
ington by Dr. Garfield, national fuel
administrator. This sweeping pro-
nouncement will close down practi-
cally all industries in the states east
of the Mississippi river, together
with Louisiana and Minnesota, for
a five day period beginning tomorrow
and then on Monday of each week for
ten weeks, for the purpose of con-
serving fuel.

Ex-President Taft with character-
istic cheerfulness declared when he
heard the order that "We must bear
it as a war burden and cheerfully
support the government." But in
view of the terrific blow to industry
that this order gives it is difficult
to put into effect Mr. Taft's optimis-
tic acquiescence. Millions of work-
ers will be temporarily forced out of
employment by this order. Instead
of wheatless and meatless days we
are to have "wageless" days. In-
stead of speeding up the production
of supplies so greatly needed in war
preparations, the order means a
slowing down.

One cannot but wonder if the na-
tional fuel administrator, more
school in affairs of literature and
science than in business, has accu-
rately figured out in dollars and cents
what this ultimatum he has deliv-
ered to industry will mean. Chicago
has already figured out that imme-
diately more than 400,000 factory
workers will be temporarily without
employment. Detroit calculates a
loss of \$4,600,000. There are only
two communities out of the thous-
ands that will be affected by the or-
der, and it is easy to see how the loss
figures will run into the billions.

To shut down industries means not
only the loss of the actual time in-
volved but still heavier losses be-
cause many industrial operations
cannot be so interrupted and then
resume in the normal way. It is al-
most incomprehensible that the or-
der should apply to factories engaged

CIVIL WAR VETERAN
ANSWERS FINAL SUMMONS

Augustus Shelburn Passed Away at
Home of Son at Midnight Wednes-
day—Was Confined in Anderson-
ville Prison.

Augustus Shelburn, a veteran of
the civil war, passed away at the
home of his son, Fred Shelburn, 953
East College avenue at midnight
Wednesday. While he has been an
invalid for many years Mr. Shelburn
had been in his usual health until a
few days ago and death came sud-
denly and unexpectedly.

Deceased was born in Spencer
county, Ky., and came to this state
when a boy. Since that time he
has made his home in Macoupin and
Morgan counties. His wife preceded
him in death. One son, Fred Shel-
burn survives.

Mr. Shelburn when the civil war
began enlisted in Co. D, 14th Illinois
Volunteer Infantry at Camp Butler,
which was located at the old fair
grounds west of the city.

He served with distinction and
was captured by the confederates
and placed in Andersonville prison.
The vicissitudes thru which he went
in that prison so undermined his
health that he had been an invalid
since.

No arrangements for the funeral
have yet been made.

MARKED DECREASE

IN BRITISH LOSSES.
London, Jan. 16.—Another marked
decrease in the sinkings of Brit-
ish merchantmen by mine or sub-
marine in the past week is noted
in the report the admiralty issued
tonight. In this period only six
merchantmen of 1600 tons or over
were sunk and in addition, two
merchantmen under 1600 tons and
two fishing vessels.

In the previous week the admir-
alty reported the loss by mine or sub-
marine of eighteen merchantmen of
1600 tons or over, three merchant-
men under that tonnage, and four
fishing vessels. The report of Janu-
ary 2 gave the sinkings as twenty
one, eighteen being 1600 tons or
over.

GETS ONE RECRUIT

Sgt. Stirling in charge of the
U. S. army recruiting office in the
post office building signed one man
Wednesday. Howard S. Albert of
Roodhouse enlisted in the infantry
branch of the regular army and left
yesterday afternoon for Jefferson
Barracks.

John Slaughtower of Iowa is a
guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs.
Herman Straudberg in this city. He
expects to sail for his old home in
Holland as soon as he is exempted
from army service, and will probably
return to this country in the late
spring.

WILL MEET TODAY

The Hospital Aid society will meet
this afternoon at Passavant hospital
at 2 o'clock to sew for the hospital.
A full attendance is desired.

SCHOOLS REPORTED CLOSED

In line with reports from various
parts of the county in regard to the
coal shortage it is understood that
the school of Concord have been
closed on account of the lack of fuel.

Mayor H. J. Rodgers was among
those who attended the A. J. Woods
funeral at Waverly Wednesday.

CHINESE DYING BY

SCORES IN STREETS.
Feng Chen, Shan Province, China,
Jan. 16.—The hotbed of the pneu-
monia-type plague prevalent here
and in other parts of Shan Province,
is at present at Pingchow, on the
Hong-Ho, west of Ningwu, and the
villages surrounding it. The natives
are dying by scores in the streets.

Appeals for help are being sent
broadcast by the American doctors
recently sent into the province to
investigate the plague conditions.

Social Events

U. C. T. Woman's Club
Met With Mrs. Craig.

The United Commercial Travelers
Woman's club met Wednesday after-
noon with Mrs. LeRoy Craig, 503
North Church. After the business
session the members spent the time
in knitting, some of the ladies act-
ing as instructors to beginners. A
social hour followed when the
hostess assisted by Mrs. William
Hopper, served refreshments.

Westminster Birthday Social

The ladies of Westminster church
enjoyed a birthday social with Mrs.
Julia Pierson at the home of Mrs.
John R. Robertson, 1203 West State
street Wednesday afternoon. The
ladies had not held a birthday social
since July, hence all of the ladies
whose birthdays occurred from
August to January both inclusive,
assisted as hostesses, the number
being about thirty-eight. During the
afternoon a musical program of
merit was given. Miss Ainslee Moore
gave several vocal numbers with Miss
Inez Huckleby as accompanist. Miss
Katherine Barr also sang with Miss
Miller as accompanist while Miss
Miller also gave some piano selec-
tions. Many of the ladies had their
knitting and busily plied their
needles during the afternoon. Tea
was served the pouring being by
Mrs. Blanchard and Mrs. Pierson.

Mission Study Circle of

Congregational Church.
The Mission Study Circle of Con-
gregational church met with Miss E.
A. Abbott of 910 Grove street Tues-
day evening with a good attendance.
Africa has been the subject of study
of the past year and has been one of
great interest. The book, the "Lure
of Africa" was completed, the last
two chapters being given by Mrs.
S. Doane. The circle will spend
the remainder of the year in the
study of home mission work, the
subject being "Italians in America."
Following the program refreshments
were served and a social hour en-
joyed.

A Birthday Party.

Sunday, January 13, being the
eleventh birthday of Donald Roberts,
his mother and sister, Mrs. Geo. R.
Cain, entertained for him at the
Robertson home in Chapin, on Monday
afternoon, between the hours of 4 to
6. Pink and blue was the color
scheme carried out in the reception
room and dining room, with large
bouquets of carnations and roses. A
large angel food cake, with the hon-
ored guest's name and birthdate on
it decorated with eleven candles, was
placed in the center of the dining
room table. The time was spent
with music and games and at 6
o'clock the guests were invited to
the dining room where delicious re-
freshments were served. The fol-
lowing guests were present: Miss
Mary Black, (teacher), Aileen Ober-
holtz, Hattie Johnson, Helen Omer,
Marie Johnson, Masters Romandell
Fountain, Fred Johnson, Eugene
Clark, Paul Johnson, Maurice Hada-
way. The presents were numerous
and handsome. At the hour appoint-
ed the guests left for their homes
wishing Donald many happy returns
of the day.

Ladies' Aid of the

Church of Our Savior.
The Ladies' Aid society of the
Church of Our Savior met Wednes-
day afternoon at K. C. hall on East
State street. There were about fifty
of the members present. Much re-
lief work has been done by the so-
ciety during the recent cold weather
and plans were formulated yester-
day afternoon for a continuation of
this work. After the business ses-
sion a social hour was enjoyed by
all present. The society adjourned
to meet January 30 at the K. C.
hall.

Mrs. C. W. Brown has returned to
her home in this city after a visit
with her sister in St. Paul, Minn.

Safety Deposit
Boxes
For Rent

Elliott State Bank

Please Settle

Your account with us at once and thus
keep your credit good. This will avoid
our sending a collector to you; also, we
must have what is due us so as to be
able to square up our own accounts.

Cain Mills

223 West Lafayette

Either Phone 240

Shall We Have
Enough Food
This Year?

How about farm labor and the draft?
What of production when peace comes
at last?

Secretary Houston
Looks Ahead

and answers these questions in an in-
terview by David Lawrence, in this
week's issue of

The COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

The Curtis Publishing Company
158 Independence Square
Philadelphia

5c
the Copy

\$1

the year

Spare-time subscription repre-
sentatives for our periodicals
wanted everywhere. If you need
more money, we need you.

MORGAN COUNTY COURT

The January term of the Morgan
county court came to a close when
court adjourned Wednesday. The
record for the term was unusual in
that not a single case was tried.
This was due to the fact that wit-
nesses in all the cases were unable
to reach the city because of the im-
passable condition of the roads. The
common law case of T. K. Condit vs.
T. N. Bove and John H. Bove was
set for trial Wednesday. This case,
which is in assumpsit, was taken up
on motion by plaintiff to strike out
affidavit and for judgment. The af-
fidavit in question was stricken and
defendant given leave to file addi-
tional affidavit. The case was con-
tinued on motion of plaintiff on the
ground of surprise.

RURAL MAIL CARRIER

ENCOUNTERS SNOW DRIFTS
J. A. Walters, rural carrier on
route 5, was among those who ex-
perienced some strenuous times dur-
ing the big snow. Tuesday Mr. Wal-
ters fought snow drifts most of the
day. At one place on his route in
front of the home of George Hem-
brough the drifts were unusual. Yester-
day, however, the road had been
cleared by the farmers along the
route and he had no difficulty in
making his trip. However, he in-
tends to take a kodak with him to-
day in order to get some photo-
graphs of the conditions which
exist along the country highways.

MISS LAZELLE'S RECITAL
Miss Lazelle's annual song recital
will be given tonight in Music Hall
at Illinois Woman's College at 8:15.
This recital is open to the public
without charge and all are cordially
invited to attend.

Miss Georgia Fairbank is again in
the city after an absence of several
weeks. Miss Fairbank spent a part
of the time at the home of Fred Fair-
bank in Northfield, Minn., and was
also in Minneapolis and Chicago,
while away from the city.

SCOTT'S
THEATRE'S

LAST TIME TODAY

Who is
THE SCARLET PIMPERNEL?
William Fox presents
DUSTIN FARNUM

—In—
"THE SCARLET
PIMPERNEL"

Dumas never wrote a novel
which had more swift action,
absorbing romance, or exciting
mystery than this photoplay.

—Also—
A Sunshine Comedy in 2 Reels
"A MILK FED VAMP"

A laugh with every tick of the
clock, 60 to the minute.

5c and 10c
Plus One Cent War Tax
COMING
Friday—Greater Vitagraph fea-
ture—Mary Anderson and Al-
fred Whitman in "The Plan-
ing Omen"

Grand Opera House

THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY
THREE BIG ACTS OF VAUDEVILLE

GABY BROS. & CLARK

Novelty Juggling DeLuxe

KELLEY & WILLIAMS

"In Foolishness"
Comedy, Singing, Talking

JIMMY LYONS

The Talkative
Comedian

FEATURE PICTURE
A Five Reel Triangle

"BOND OF FEAR"

—featuring—

BELLE BENNETT

PRICES: 10 and 20 Cents

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY TWO SHOWS DAILY
SATURDAY THREE SHOWS

Thursday and Friday—Matinee, Pictures, 2 o'clock; Vaudeville,
3:30. Night, Pictures, 7:30; Vaudeville, 9 o'clock.
Saturday—Pictures, 2, 6:30, 8:30; Vaudeville, 3:30, 7:45, 9:45.
Coming Friday—A five reel Brady Made feature "The Tenth Case,"
featuring June Elvidge.

GRAND
Opera House

ONE JOLLY NIGHT
Monday 21
January

—ANOTHER OLIVER MOROSCO SUCCESS—

The Fastest and Funniest Musical Comedy on Earth
Oliver Morosco presents

Augmented
Orchestra

18 Big
Song Hits

Company
of
50 People



A Californi
Beauty
Chorus

The Cross Country Sensation

—A BIG MUSICAL GEM—

RICES—50c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.50. SEAT SALE FRIDAY

War News Summarized

Altho the peace parlers between the Bolsheviks and the Teutonic allies have resumed at Brest-Litovsk, the peace by agreement section of the German populace and some of the newspapers continue their expressions of dissatisfaction with the ambitions of the Pan-Germans and the terms that have been advanced by the German delegates at Brest-Litovsk as the basis for a peace.

Amsterdam dispatches announce that an understanding has been reached between the political and military parties in Germany on the basis of the Russian programme of no annexations or indemnities in the east and leaving to Field Marshal von Hindenburg, in case of a German victory, the liberty of dealing with possible annexations in the west but the evidence tends to show that the factions are still at odds.

Additional meetings at which speakers endeavored to outline the viewpoint of the militaristic element have been broken up, and it is announced that Chancellor von Hertling is to be permitted to deliver his delayed address on Germany's war aims to the main committee of the reichstag next Friday for which the country has been clamoring.

Adding to the political strife in Germany and Austria comes the announcement of the resignation of the Hungarian cabinet due to the conduct of the war. Failure to obtain adequate support for the military programme put forward by the cabinet is given as the reason for the resignation of the ministry.

The programme included the formation of an independent Hungarian army which Emperor Charles vetoed.

The situation between Russia and Roumania apparently is growing acute. On demand of the American ambassador and the heads of the other diplomatic missions accredited to Russia, the Bolshevik authorities have released the Roumanian minister and the attaches of the Roumanian legation who were arrested Sunday. The council of National commissioners of Russia, which has sent an ultimatum to Roumania calling for the immediate release of members of the Bolsheviks arrested recently in Roumania, 9 rupture of relations with Roumania and most energetic military measures are threatened for non-compliance within twenty four hours.

Except in the Italian theater the military activities are still confined to small affairs carried out by raiding parties and bombardments on various sectors. The Austro-Germans based in the mountain region of Northern Italy and around the Lower Piave river have made vicious counter-attacks, after heavy preparatory artillery work to recapture the positions wrested from them early in the week. All the attempts were without result.

Again there has been considerable aerial activity in this region in which five enemy airplanes were sent to earth, four by British and Italian aviators and the other by anti-aircraft batteries.

HEAVY SNOW FALL AT SALT LAKE CITY
SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 16.—With the worst snowstorm so far this winter prevailing, seven inches of snow having fallen since last night, several roofs collapsed under the stress today, the principal one being at the poultry building at the state fair grounds, Salt Lake City, causing a loss of \$7,000. Roofs of dwellings which collapsed caused several persons to be taken to hospitals.

REVOLUTION PROMOTOR NOW BUSY IN MEXICO

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—N. Bhattacharjya, a Hindu, is the leader of a movement now in progress in Mexico designed to free India from British rule according to announcement today by John W. Preston, United States district attorney, in the trial of thirty-one Hindus and others accused of fomenting a plot in this country to set an independent Hindustan republic in India. Bhattacharjya's agents were active in various parts of Mexico. Preston said Bhattacharjya, indicted with those now on trial but not arrested because he has been outside jurisdiction of the court, has been active in the movement to overthrow British rule in India, in various parts of the world, the government contends.

RAILWAYS RESUMING NORMAL SCHEDULES

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Transportation on the trunk lines east and west of Chicago virtually has recovered from the effects of the recent blizzard and by tomorrow all roads will be running their regular number of trains, railroad officials announced tonight.

All thru trains east and west are running practically on schedule it was said.

The Monon has indefinitely cancelled one morning train, east but officials say this was partly a conservation measure.

My! How Robert grows-and no wonder says Father-How he eats

POST TOASTIES

(MADE OF CORN)

My! How Robert grows-and no wonder says Father-How he eats

POST TOASTIES

(MADE OF CORN)

My! How Robert grows-and no wonder says Father-How he eats

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POST TOASTIES

(MADE OF CORN)

My! How Robert grows-and no wonder says Father-How he eats

POST TOASTIES

(MADE OF CORN)

BRAZIL TO MOBILIZE ARMY OF DEFENSE

Plans are to be Put Into Execution With Feverish Haste—Fighting Force to Remain in Brazil is General Belief.

Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Plans for the mobilization of an army of defense to be composed of several hundred thousand men are being put into execution with almost feverish haste but no announcement has been made that Brazil will send troops to Europe. It is generally believed that this fighting force is to remain in Brazil.

When Brazil declared a state of war to exist with the German empire, the Brazilian army was composed of 18,000 men, with officers enough for 30,000. Plans were made immediately for increasing the standing army to 35,000 men by January 1, 1918, with the possibility of further increasing it to 100,000 within the year.

The mobilization plan provides for three lines of defense, the first to eventually comprise 100,000 youths between 17 and 20. To assure this number it is said in official circles that conscription will take the place of the voluntary system of enlistment which has been in effect until now.

The second line is to consist of an army of 500,000 men between 30 and 37, with detachments in every city and town in the republic. These men are to be mobilized on a war footing, ready for service at short notice, though it is not believed that they will be kept continually under arms, the plan apparently being to organize them as a home guard and permit them to attend to their business affairs, devoting stated periods of time to drill.

In addition to these two armies, there is to be a reserve army, to be known as the national guard, comprising men between 37 and 44. The officers of this force are to be chosen from government administrative officers, commercial men, and employers of industry.

MANY WITNESS ROBBERY OF MINNEAPOLIS BANK

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 16.—A bank robbery in the downtown district here was witnessed thru the plate glass windows of the institution by nearly 100 persons shortly after the opening of business today. Four men (without masks took about \$3,400 from the cashier's cage and a \$500 diamond stick pin from the president, E. K. Strathv. Amateurs, apparently, the police say they became frightened while at work and shouted their commands in loud tones as the call neighboring merchants to the bank.

After locking five employees in the vault, the robbers ran for an automobile dropping bills for half a block and escaped. Passing machines took up the chase but dropped it when one driver was shot thru the leg. Nearly \$900 in bills dropped by the bank its has been returned to the bank.

NATIONAL LAWN TENNIS ASSOCIATION

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The nominating committee of the National Lawn Tennis Association has named the following ticket for the annual meeting of the organization to be held in this city Feb. 15:

President—George T. Ade of New York.

Vice-president—Julian S. Myrick of New York.

Secretary—Edwin F. Torrey of Clinton, N. Y.

Treasurer—Geo. W. Wightman of Boston.

RESIGNATION DU ETO ADMINISTRATION DISCORD

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 16.—In political circles here denial is given to a report that Dr. Romulo Naon, who recently tendered his resignation as Argentine ambassador to the United States is returning to Buenos Aires for a conference regarding a rupture with Germany, which no longer is even considered here. Friends of Dr. Naon assert that his resignation was due to discord with the administration and to personal reasons and that he will not return to Washington.

MILITARY CRITIC QUILTS NEW YORK TRIBUNE

New York, Jan. 16.—Frank H. Simmonds of the editorial staff of the New York Tribune, who, since the outbreak of the war has gained a wide reputation as a military critic has severed his connection with that newspaper, it became known today. Mr. Simmonds, when the war broke out, was employed by the New York Evening Sun where he first began writing editorials dealing with the strategy of the European armies.

GERMAN OFFICIAL

Berlin, Jan. 16.—via London.—The German official statement issued today reads:

"Western theatre:—Front of Crown Prince Rupprecht:—And the German Crown Prince:—South of Lens the artillery activity increased. There were reconnoitering encounters in isolated sectors. Southeast of Ornes prisoners were taken.

Front of Grand Duke Albrecht: After artillery preparation lasting several hours French detachments attacked north of Badonvillers and penetrated our front trenches for a time. In the upper Vosges our reconnoitering troops brought in prisoners.

"Eastern theatre: There is nothing to report."

SIX PRIVATES DIE

Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 16.—Deaths of six privates were reported at the base hospital at Camp Pike today, including Claude Earl, Nashville, Ill.

DENIES RUMORS.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Widespread rumors untraceable to any source that the United States had received directly from Germany, a peace proposal or some other communication were denied today by Secretary Lansing.

BUSINESS MUST OBSERVE MONDAY AS HOLIDAY FOR THE NEXT TEN WEEKS

(Continued from Page 1.)

tion at the coal mines during the period that other business is suspended. Mines under contract to supply industries shutdown will be directed in supplementary orders to send their output elsewhere. Coal loaded and on its way to these industries will be diverted. It was estimated tonight the enforcement of the order would save a total of thirty million tons of bituminous coal, which probably is about half the present shortage. The indications were that at the end of the ten weeks of Monday's holidays a permanent policy of restricted consumption would have been determined on. This plan will limit the use of coal to the less essential industries under a self-regulating basis.

Louisiana and Mississippi which lie partly on both sides of the Mississippi were specifically included as a whole in the list of states to which the order applies.

The order is expected to go far towards clearing choked and congested railroad tracks and terminals. It was regarded tonight as likely that Secretary McAdoo, director-general of railroads, might declare a rail embargo against the shipment of the products of plants closed down if necessary further to relieve the roads.

The critical coal situation is blamed on the unusually severe weather of the last week which has made it impossible in many instances to move coal at all and which has cut off the local supplies of whole cities. Officials who worked out the curtailment plan came to the conclusion they said tonight, that the homes must be kept warm at all costs. Reports have poured into the fuel administration's office for days past telling of intense suffering in many parts of the country. Some of the largest cities of the east have run so short of fuel already that local fuel officials have stopped industrial activity to provide homes with coal.

Besides shipyards and factories producing foodstuffs the few exceptions to the general rule forbidding the use of coal in the periods specified are plants which must continuously be operated to prevent injury to the plants themselves, newspaper plants and printing establishments which publish current and periodical magazines.

On the Monday holidays besides manufacturing plants the following consumers will be forbidden to use coal:

Theaters Must Close.

Business and professional offices (except to prevent freezing), except those used for government offices or banks and trust companies and those housing physicians and dentists; wholesale and retail stores, with exceptions for drug stores and those that sell food; all amusement places and saloons. State fuel administrators may close the bank and trust company buildings if they think necessary.

On the holidays subway, surface, elevated and suburban cars will be permitted to use only the amount of coal they normally consume on Sundays.

Some domestic utilities probably will be exempted from the order in supplementary rulings, including laundries, ice plants and hundreds of others upon which the people are dependent for supplies and service.

Cutting off coal to non-essential industries had been expected in Washington for a week. It was explained tonight that they were not discriminated against in the order because of the fact that it was almost impossible to classify industries as essential and non-essential. Thousands of factories producing so-called non-essentials, it was pointed out, supply either directly or indirectly goods vitally needed by the government or by the public. Most of the industries manufacturing war goods are said to have on hand more manufactured supplies awaiting railroad and ocean transportation than has the non-essentials. Suspension of few industries is expected to interfere with deliveries if the railroads can move the goods in their present congested state.

Officials tonight foresaw that the German government might distort and make much of the order to improve the morale of the German people, but they said this danger was negligible when compared with that of permitting the fuel situation to continue unimproved. The order was issued under authority conferred in the Lever food act, which provides a fine of \$5,000 or imprisonment for violation of its provisions and warning was given that it would be strictly enforced.

To prevent industrial unrest it was said tonight the government might make a formal request on industries affected by the order to pay their employees during the time they are idle.

NORTHWESTERN TRAINS PASS BURNING STATION

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 16.—A Northwestern fast mail train loaded with mail already delayed a week by storms around Chicago, and a west-bound passenger train on the same road dashed thru a sheet of fire at Honey Creek, Iowa, today in order to get past the burning railroad station at that place. When the trains reached Honey Creek they were flagged and told to take sidings, "rails are curling under the heat" the engineers were told.

Refusing to be blocked the engineers of both trains withdrew two miles got their trains under full head and went thru the fire at the rate of 70 miles an hour.

Before the passenger train was sent thru the flames, all passengers were ordered to keep away from windows and to get in the middle of the cars. Paint was burned off the cars.

COMMENT

(Continued from Page 1.)

The president of the stock exchange said the exchange would remain open if the traders on the floor and the employees had to wear overcoats. Brokers took the same position.

E. H. Outerbridge, president of the chamber of commerce of the state of New York said Dr. Garfield's order seems to give "great encouragement to the enemy," great discouragement to our allies, and great interruption to the war preparations of this nation.

"It seems to me that the program of a suspension of industries is a destructive rather than a constructive program," he declared. "It seems that the most drastic efforts should be made to increase the production of fuel rather than to have to curtail production of the necessities for lack of fuel."

The following telegram was sent to President Wilson tonight by the publishers of the World, Herald, Evening Post and Brooklyn Eagle:

"We earnestly represent that the order just issued by the fuel administrator is calamitous in its character and unnecessary under the fast improving conditions. It will dislocate industry, throw millions out of employment and impoverish families who depend upon daily wages. A five day interruption and ten Monday shutdowns will wipe out their living margin. Why not order five working days of sixteen hours on coal deliveries and mine production, bringing certain relief instead of destruction."

Dr. Garfield's order was read tonight at the annual dinner of the National Wholesale Drygoods association. Manufacturers, wholesalers and commission merchants from all parts of the country were present. It was received in silence. A few moments later there was scattered handclapping and a buzz of whispered comment.

Former President Taft alluded to Dr. Garfield's order in an address tonight at the dinner of the National Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' association as "but one of the disagreeable features which must result from the war, but like the good Americans that we are, we will adapt ourselves to the conditions imposed upon us by our government."

TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE HOUSING FACILITIES

Thousands of New Workers Pouring Into Industrial Centers Must Be Cared for.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Providing adequate housing facilities for the thousands of new workers pouring into war industrial and shipping centers will be the first work undertaken by Secretary Wilson as labor administrator and his advisory council. Co-ordination of all the separate housing plans now being made by the shipping board the council of national defense and other bureaus was begun by the council today at its first meeting.

Full support of the business men of the country in any course the council may find necessary was promised by a delegation from the chamber of commerce of the United States.

They urged money be diverted from less necessary government undertakings to provide proper housing. Representatives of the shipping board, the council of national defense and the war and navy departments told of the need for providing homes for the workers.

"Cut all red tape," Secretary Wilson told his advisers, "and get your information as speedily as possible and by the most direct route."

In connection with the labor administration's plans for supplying workers to industries it was announced that the introduction of woman labor into industries for which men are available would be discouraged and that no reduction of wages because workers are women will be permitted.

SON OF WYOMING GOVERNOR DROWNS

FORT COLLINS, Colo., Jan. 16.—Christy Houx, son of Governor Frank Houx of Wyoming was drowned today while ice-boating near here.

NOT EMPOWERED TO NEGOTIATE A TREATY

A Pacific Port, Jan. 15.—A party of Mexicans that sailed from this port last week for Japan was composed of employees and attaches of the southern republics consulates and embassies in the Orient was not empowered to negotiate a treaty between Mexico and Japan or arrange for the purchase of arms and munitions by Carranza officials from Japan, according to an announcement today by the consul general of Mexico here. It was said by the consul the mission had no special significance.

AUSTRIAN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Vienna, Jan. 16.—British Admiralty per Irish Press.—The Austrian official communication issued today:

"On the Asiago plateau an enemy advance west of Col del Rosso was repulsed. East of the Brenta the Italians did not continue their fruitless attacks until afternoon. On the western slope of Monte Pertica the enemy stormed three times against our line. Each time his assault broke down under our artillery and machine gun fire with heavy losses."

"South of Monte Fontana Secca enemy attempts to attack were suppressed from the very start."

"On the lower Piave river there were frequent lively artillery duels."

ELECTED PRESIDENT

New York, Jan. 16.—A. N. Talbot of Urbana, Ill., was elected president of the American Society of Civil Engineers at the 65th annual meeting of the organization here today. The retiring president, George H. Pogram said in an address that eleven percent of the membership of the organization is now in the army.

Why Not Buy That
OVERCOAT
now? They will be higher next winter.

\$15 to \$30 All Wool Coats

T. M. TOMLINSON

The 100% Pure Wool Store.

INVESTIGATE HIGH PRICES IN ENGLAND

Committee Reports on Rising Cost of Necessities of all Kinds in Great Britain—Counter-Recommendations of Committee.

London, December.—"High wages mean high prices. Fresh cycles of wage advances succeed one another. Each one results in further increases of price or in preventing a reduction of prices. The producers are raising prices against themselves as consumers. We are deeply impressed with the seriousness of the situation and are convinced that if the process continues, the result can hardly fail to be disastrous to all classes of the nation."

This is the summing-up of a report just given out to the House of Commons by its Committee on National Expenditure, after long investigation into the vicious circle of rising wages followed by rising prices," asserts the report. The counterrecommendations of the committee include:

The government should endeavor to avoid the creation of new credits in financing the war.

The actual increase in the cost of living to the working classes should be ascertained.

Profits should be limited. Any advance of wages should be limited if given on any ground other than the rise in the cost of living.

A single policy under the direction of one authority should be adopted in all industry in the determination of wage questions. The allround increase in wages of ten per cent and similar increases in the cost of commodities purchased at home, has already involved an increase in national expenditure of £130,000,000 yearly.

One of the most important causes of the increase of expenditure, says the committee, has been the expansion of credits. If it had been possible to finance the war from day to day by means of entirely taxation and loans from the savings of the people, the general increase of prices would have been considerably less than it is.

TWO FLAVERS KILLED

Minneapolis, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Howard Blakely, an experienced aviator and his mechanic, Edward Higgins, were killed today when a military biplane, in which they were flying crashed to the ground from a height of about 200 feet.

PUTS BAN ON BOOKS ON MILITARY SUBJECTS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Strict orders were issued by the war department today against the publication by army officers or enlisted men of books on military subjects "except as an approved government publication or as authorized by the war department."

The constantly increasing number of soldier-authors publishing more or less incorrect "manuals of advice to the service" is believed to have led to the action.

SENATE PASSES BILL FOR PATENT PROTECTION

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The house bill for patent protection of "Garabed," a mysterious invention, said to be a source of limitless energy, was passed today by the senate.

It now goes to President Wilson. At the close of the last session the president gave the bill a docket veto.

Garabed T. K. Giragossian, a Boston Armenian is the inventor. He declined to reveal his secret fully until congress protected it and made such satisfactory explanation that patents committees that they recommended passage of the bill.

TO DRAFT MAJOR LEAGUE SCHEDULES

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Major league schedules for the 1918 season will be drafted at a meeting of the schedule committee to be held in Washington next Tuesday, President Ban Johnson of the American League announced tonight. The meeting was originally set for Dover Hall, Ga., but was postponed because of crippled transportation conditions.

The committee probably will suggest that pass holders be taxed ten cents, eight cents of which will go to the war tax and the extra two cents to the Red Cross.

WILL EFFECT ORGANIZATION.

New York, Jan. 16.—Permanent organization of the National Party will be effected at a national convention to be held in Chicago, Wednesday, March 6, it was announced here tonight at which delegates from every state are expected to be present. The official call for the meeting stated that the decision of the prohibition party on proposed amalgamation will be announced at the convention.

RUSSIAN EMISSARY ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Man on Special Mission for Russian Government Found With Bullet Wound in Breast.

New York, Jan. 16.—Nicholas Issegueine, who according to the Russian consulate here, has been in the United States on a special mission for the Russian government was found in his apartment here today with a bullet wound in his breast. He was taken to a hospital where it was said there was a slight chance of his recovery.

Russian consulate officials declared they did not know the nature of Issegueine's mission in this country. His valet, William Filler, told police that today his employer sent him to the Russian consulate with a letter addressed to Consul General Outinoff. Upon delivering this message, Filler said he returned to the apartment accompanied by an attorney and finding the door locked, they summoned the police who forced an entrance and found Issegueine lying on a couch with blood streaming from the wound in his breast. An automatic pistol with one empty shell lay on the floor. Consul Outinoff refused to make any statement regarding the shooting nor would he disclose the contents of the note sent to his office.

The letter found in Issegueine's rooms and signed by him says: "Death comes perfectly voluntarily. A number of personal reasons and no one in New York in the smallest degree is responsible for the course I have taken. I leave all my personal property to my valet, excepting such things as the Russian consul general may see fit to send to my family. I request that the Russian consul general be notified immediately."

MANY VESSELS ARE CONVERTED TO WAR USE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Since the United States entered the war the navy has taken over and converted to war use between 700 and 800 passenger and freight vessels, yachts, tugs, fishin' boats and other craft. This was disclosed today in a statement by Chairman Oliver, of the house investigating committee, commending the bureau of construction and repair and steam engineering for the preparations made to meet war demands.



ALL LAST
YEAR'S
ACCOUNTS
ARE NOW
DUE

Please call and settle, so we can do the same.

We appreciate your patronage in the past and solicit same for the year to come.

Our one aim is to please and give you the best for the money.

Clothing
and
Furnishings
Whatever You Need
We Have It!

TOM DUFFNER
12 W. SIDE □ - PHONE 323
JACKSONVILLE, ILL.



Keep the Children Well

To keep the little ones well, sturdy and happy, free of coughs, colds, croup, little fevers and inflamed throats, use **Foley's Honey and Tar.**

It is carefully made of selected remedies that loosen and break up a cough, stop croup and cure an inflamed throat, and it is clean of all narcotics.

The prompt use of Foley's Honey and Tar is very helpful for whooping cough, and the restless feverish state that attends children's diseases.

H. T. Davis, Bearsville, W. Va., writes: "One of my patrons had a small child taken with croup. They came to my store and bought a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and before morning the child was entirely recovered."

City Drug Store, J. A. Obermeyer



Marinello Rose Leaf Jelly
will keep them smooth, white and delicately scented. It is absorbed quickly—leaving the skin without any trace of oiliness. It may be used a dozen times a day with good results. Free sample and demonstration or send two cents to cover cost of mailing trial package and booklet on "Care of the Skin."

Hattie H. Montgomery
Buntion Bldg., W. State St.



STOMACH UPSET?

Get at the Real Cause—Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to patch up poor digestion, they are attacking the real cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions, away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

If you have a bad taste in your mouth, tongue coated, appetite poor, loss of energy, or indigestion, or energy, troubled with undigested foods, you should take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color. They do the work without gripping, cramping or eating.

Take one or two at bedtime for quick relief, so you can eat what you like. At 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

FOR LUMBAGO

Try **Musterole**. See How Quickly It Relieves

You just rub **Musterole** in briskly, and usually the pain is gone. A delicious, soothing comfort comes to take its place. **Musterole** is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. Use it instead of mustard plaster. Will not blister.

Many doctors and nurses use **Musterole** and recommend it to their patients. They will gladly tell you what relief it gives from sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bitten feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). Always dependable.

30 and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.



Make Your Own Cough Syrup and Save Money

Better than the ready-made kind. Easily prepared at home.

The finest cough syrup that money can buy, costing only about one-fifth as much as ready-made preparations, can easily be made up at home. The way it takes hold and conquers distressing coughs, throat and chest colds will really make you enthusiastic about it.

Any druggist can supply you with 2½ ounces of Pinex (60 cents worth). Pour this into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Shake thoroughly and it is ready for use. The total cost is about 65 cents and gives you a full pint—a family supply—of a most effective, pleasant tasting remedy. It keeps perfectly.

It's truly astonishing how quickly it acts, penetrating through every air passage of the throat and lungs—loosens and raises the phlegm, soothes and seals the inflamed or swollen throat membranes, and gradually but surely the annoying throat tickle and dreaded cough will disappear entirely. Nothing better for bronchitis, spasmodic croup, whooping cough or bronchial asthma.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and is known the world over for its prompt healing effect on the throat membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

A. M. ABERNATHY HOME ON SHORT FURLOUGH

Concord Youth Returns from Camp Taylor for Brief Visit With Relatives—Entertainments at M. E. Church Friday—Cooper Funeral Largely Attended—Other News.

Concord, Jan. 16.—Minister C. G. Cantrell returned from Berea on Tuesday, where he had been since Saturday evening to preach a funeral on Monday.

The Maud Stevens Company will give two entertainments this coming Friday at the M. E. church. The school children will be admitted at the half price rate, and the afternoon number will be a treat to them as well as to the grownups. The fourth number will be at night at the usual hour of 8 o'clock. It will be equally as good but different. Every one should attend these entertainments if interested in good, helpful and inspiring exercises, and splendid music.

James Cooper returned from Jacksonville, Florida, to attend his son's funeral.

Arthur M. Abernathy arrived from Camp Taylor Sunday afternoon and returned Tuesday afternoon. He was on a short furlough to see his grandparents and other relatives, who were delighted to see him as he came by surprise. He was delayed on the way by the severe snowstorm. While his health is pretty good, he has a severe cold.

Lucien, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Eskew, is sick with pneumonia.

Cooper Funeral.

The funeral of the late Edgar Cooper was held at the First M. E. church Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. The church was filled with relatives and friends of the deceased who were held in high esteem. The services were in charge of Rev. Thomas Symonds, pastor of the church, and he was assisted by Minister C. G. Cantrell of the Christian church. Suitable music was furnished by Miss Eva Abernathy, Mrs. Grace Ator, R. Earl and Roy Abernathy, with Miss Helen Yeck, pianist. The many beautiful flowers were cared for by Mrs. Cora Cooper, Mrs. Robert Livesy, Mrs. Ernest Sanders and Miss Edna Gilson. The bearers were: J. T. Gaddis, Lloyd Moss, Frank Villard, J. L. Emerick, H. P. Joy and Dr. A. O. Magill. At the grave the services were conducted by N. D. Morse, Lodge of Masons of Concord, with Mr. Humphrey of Beardstown, as W. M., and Minister C. G. Cantrell as Chaplain. Mr. Montgomery of Beardstown was one of those from a distance attending.

WAR ON WASTE" IS LECTURE SERIES THEME

First in Series to be Given at University of Illinois—Speaker Indicated Vast Extent of Area and Resources of the U. S.—Only Moderate Self Denial Necessary.

Champaign, Ill., Jan. 15.—"We are fighting two wars, one to conquer our own bad habits of willful waste of the bounty of nature; the second, having checked this waste, to turn the resulting surplus of energy toward the defeat of the common enemy," said Prof. F. H. Newell of the department of civil engineering at the University of Illinois in a lecture given this evening.

"An army travels on its belly; without food and plenty of it the fighting man cannot sustain his vigor, nor can the people at home keep up their will to win," he continued. "It is the nation which can stay longest, the side which can hold its morale to the very last which will triumph."

"We have the spirit, the men, the national wealth, as well as the right on our side. It needs only good sense, a victory over our own sloth and indifference to make the world safe for democracy. The national defense really means the larger and better immediate use of the natural resources," Professor Newell said.

The speaker brought out, with striking diagrams and pictures, the vast extent of the areas and resources of the United States as compared with those of the European nations and contrasted them with our prodigality. In this manner he showed that if we only practice as a whole the most moderate and reasonable self denial we can have food and materials for our allies as well as for our own army and ourselves.

The lecture was the first in a University series "War and Waste," designed to acquaint the college community and people of the state on the need for conservation of national resources.

JOHN BROWN AT HOME FOR A SHORT TIME

John Brown, who once lived in Nortonville and later for a good many years in Jacksonville, went out to California last fall with his son. They hoped to make the trip by automobile and managed to get as far as Trinidad, Colo., after encountering a lot of mud and bad weather. There they had a bad break so had their car shipped by rail and took the railroad for the rest of the way.

After looking over the field they decided to locate in Santa Ana where the son bought a grocery and is doing a good business. There was important business at the old home demanding attention and Mr. Brown left the son and came on. He took the Santa Fe line and reached Kansas City all right except somewhat late and there he was marooned 48 hours. He said they encountered snow in middle Arizona though not very deep and were not greatly troubled by it all the way to Kansas City. It was not very soothing to the feelings to be obliged to wait so near home but there was no help for it.

Mr. Brown expects to remain in

OLD JACKSONVILLE

The Rev. David H. Hamilton, D. D.

By Ensley Moore

(Member Illinois State Historical Society)

The first pastor of Westminster Presbyterian church was David Henry Hamilton. The church was organized in May, 1860, the building for its home was erected that summer, and Mr. Hamilton was called as pastor, and came that fall.

It was the year of Abraham Lincoln's first election to the Presidency, and that year and the four succeeding ones were hot in the overthrow of Human Slavery and in the preservation of the Federal Union of the United States.

Mr. Hamilton was one of the strongest supporters of the government, and his church was ever in strongest support of its pastor in this grand work.

"A Great Man."

One of those here who knew Mr. Hamilton best, and was perhaps best qualified to judge of him, said: "He was a great man."

An elder in Mr. Hamilton's last charge, at Ripley, Ohio, said, in an address at Mr. Hamilton's funeral: "But in the pulpit he was a giant—the grand themes of the gospel filling his whole soul."

The Rev. Granville Moody, D. D., of the Methodist Episcopal church, who preached Dr. Hamilton's memorial sermon at Ripley, supported the high estimate placed upon him.

Born in New York.

David H. Hamilton was born in Conajoharie, Montgomery county, New York, Oct. 29, 1813, thus being about forty seven years of age when he came to Jacksonville. He prepared for college in the Academy at Amsterdam, and was graduated from Union College, Schenectady, in 1839. He chose the law as his profession, and at once entered upon the study of it in Amsterdam, where he practiced some two years after being admitted to the bar. "Becoming convinced that God had other work for him to do, in 1841 he abandoned the law and entered the (New School Presbyterian) Theological Seminary at Auburn, New York, where he completed the usual course of preparation for the Gospel Ministry."

He was married in 1843 to Miss Martha S. Wood, daughter of the Rev. Halsey A. Wood, pastor of the Presbyterian church in Amsterdam, a lady of high intelligence and decided brightness of mind and of wit. Mrs. Hamilton survived her husband for fifteen or twenty years, her last days being spent near or in her early home.

Becomes a Pastor.

Mr. Hamilton was ordained and installed as pastor of the Presbyterian church in Trumeburg, Tompkins county, New York, Sept. 1, 1844, and remained its pastor until Jan. 10, 1855, when he resigned that charge to become pastor of the Howe Street Church, New Haven, Conn. He was duly installed there March 1, 1855. This pastorate Mr. Hamilton resigned June 7, 1858.

Went to Europe.

Mr. Hamilton then went to Europe, chiefly for purposes of study. He spent about two years abroad, studying most of the time at the University of Berlin.

In those days, before crossing the water had become a fad of the rich so greatly as of late, it was "quite the thing" for students and able bodied men to tramp about on the continent, thereby acquiring a more accurate understanding of people and places than is to be obtained in the railway trains or stopping places of today. Mr. Hamilton kept his body alive with his mind by doing his share of pedestrianism. Bayard Taylor was perhaps the greatest exponent of this sort of sightseeing, and his many books on practical study of Europe were highly valued forty or fifty years ago.

Mr. Hamilton was wide awake to all opportunities of improving his mind or of adding to his knowledge, and he afterwards alluded to the "views afoot," which he had personally enjoyed.

Upon his return to America he soon received and accepted the call to Westminster church.

Made a D. D.

Union College took notice of the preacher's abilities and learning by conferring the degree of Doctor of Divinity upon him in 1862. And it was said "rarely has this honor been more worthily bestowed," and it may be added, honorably worn.

An Upbuilder.

Westminster church was very fortunate in securing Dr. Hamilton for he was an active, efficient and strenuous upbuilder. When he took charge the congregation was small and the building was not what it might have been. It was greatly improved in 1866. But he was one of the most active men or ministers that this community has ever known, and he made a great impress upon the church.

This was first apparent generally beginning with the week of prayer in 1863, when Dr. Hamilton began one of the most effective and long continued series of meetings ever conducted by one minister in Jacksonville. He preached almost nightly, and Sundays of course, until the first of March, and the blessing of God was on his work, for a large relative addition was made to the church, of young and older people. One or more night meetings, and

on Sunday afternoons, were in the Massey school house, about two miles southwest of town. This resulted in his opening a Sabbath school, and of that place becoming a preaching station of his for years. In after months or years Dr. Hamilton also preached in the Laurie school house, northeast of town, and in the "Red Brick" northwest. Westminster also had a Sabbath school in the latter place at one time.

A Great Worker.

The pastor of Westminster was an indomitable worker. He would preach there Sunday morning, at a school house in the afternoon, attend young People's Prayer meeting in the school house at 5 o'clock p. m., and then conduct his regular evening service at 7:30. Besides this he was a great and continual student and writer.

A Fine Preacher.

Dr. Hamilton was one of the ablest, if not the ablest sermonizer that has occupied a pulpit here. He was radical in thought and outspoken in word, but not an "irreconcilable." His revival sermons were of the strongest and most effective and he kept his church at work for years.

One especially valuable feature of his work was with the young people. He established his Young People's Meeting in 1863, and maintained it until he resigned his pastorate. Many students and school girls were thus lead into the church, and into a life of Christian living and work. These were among the most active and efficient of young people, and this work extended its influence far beyond Westminster church or Jacksonville. Mr. Hamilton's influence has always been strong upon Westminster. Only Eternity can show the might of his work.

Resigned in 1872.

Dr. Hamilton felt that it was time for him to go, and resigned his pastorate here February 1, 1872. He then went to Boston for some study and business, and accepted a pastorate at Ripley, Ohio, in the Spring of 1873; the call being unanimous, and that being one of the large churches. This proved to be his last pastorate. It gained great praise from the people there, and they mourned him as a fallen leader.

Called up Higher.

May 9, 1879, urged to rest his tireless mind and body, Dr. Hamilton started from Ripley for Boston. But at Dayton a paralytic stroke came upon him and it was with difficulty that his wife got him to her friends in Fulton county, New York.

There, at Kingsboro, on July 4th, 1879, David Henry Hamilton heard the call of the Master to enter into rest.

Words of Memorial.

Funeral services were conducted at Kingsboro, July 7th, 1879, fitting to the man.

At the same hour, at Ripley, Ohio, services were held in the vacant church, pastors of the town taking part, the church being appropriately draped.

The Memorial Sermon was pronounced by the distinguished Dr. Granville Moody. He said Dr. Hamilton was a Christian, a Catholic Christian. He was to great and good to be a bigot or mere sectarian; a Consistent Christian; an Able Minister of the New Testament; a laborious and enterprising minister of the gospel; a temperance worker; a Patriot and Philanthropist; a firm friend of the young; a Metaphysician; a Martyr to his work. He is a Crowned Victor now. His witness is in Heaven.

Three members of the Ripley church took part in the closing exercises—all the service being interspersed with fitting music.

At Westminster Church.

Commemorative services were also held at Westminster church, Jacksonville, which was appropriately draped in mourning. They were in charge of the pastor, Rev. S. M. Morton, D. D. He was followed by Dr. W. D. Sanders, who said, when he was in New Haven investigating about Dr. Hamilton as a pastor of Westminster, that he had received high praise of Dr. Hamilton from Dr. Dutton, pastor of the First church of New Haven; from Dr. Leonard Bacon and Rev. Noah Porter, now President of Yale College. The latter said of Dr. Hamilton: "Well sir, he is a giant; one of the sons of Anak. I have known few stronger men."

Prof. J. B. Turner also made a highly laudable address on Dr. Hamilton, and was followed by Ensley Moore, for the young people.

Newspaper Notices.

Fitting notices from various pens were made in the press of the Presbyterian church.

And so they all gave him good burial.

A Writer.

Dr. Hamilton had written a book of philosophy, an Epic poem, and another book; besides some especially original addresses.

Organized the Club.

As Dr. Hamilton came here from New Haven, it is not surprising he was interested in literary matters. So in 1861, he organized The Club, which has had a most distinguished membership to this day. It was the first such association that has continued for over fifty years. Its semi-centennial was celebrated in 1911.

Ernest Brockhouse and Boyd Pond, residents of Meredosia, but occupied in Flint, Michigan, registered there and enlisted and returned home for a short visit. They have been ordered to Camp Taylor for army service.

Jacksonville a short time and then means to proceed to Hot Springs for an extended stay.

ELI CLUB DANCED

The Eli club had a social and dance at the Tabernacle Hall on South Main street Tuesday evening which was a success. There

were about 85 present and all had an enjoyable time.

Ernest Brockhouse and Boyd Pond, residents of Meredosia, but occupied in Flint, Michigan, registered there and enlisted and returned home for a short visit. They have been ordered to Camp Taylor for army service.

Mr. Hoover asks you to save butter, lard, suet. Mazola is a pure, vegetable oil for deep frying, sautéing, shortening—wonderfully economical.

MAZOLA

With the Nation-wide movement to save animal fats the housewife is confronted with a serious problem—if she would continue to serve fried foods.

Thousands of American homes have found the answer in Mazola, the pure cooking and salad oil from corn.

Because Mazola is a vegetable oil—and because a thorough test on the part of housewives has proven that Mazola is more practical, more economical than the old cooking mediums.

It makes fried foods digestible—and the great big factor for economy in Mazola is that it can be used over and over again—does not transmit taste or odor from one food to another.

A recent demonstration showed that the same tinfal of Mazola could be used eighteen successive times for deep frying! Mazola is fine for salad dressings, too.

Get Mazola from your grocer in pint, quart, half-gallon or gallon tins. The large sizes give greatest economy. Also ask for the free Mazola Book of Recipes—or write us direct.

Your money refunded if Mazola does not give entire satisfaction.

Corn Products Refining Company

New York

Selling Representatives
Corn Products Refining Co.
213 E. Illinois Street
Chicago, Illinois



Your Battery Can Freeze

—When a battery freezes it is ruined; your salvation lies in the fact that your battery is practically safe if one-half charged or over.

—Yes, your generator is designed to keep your battery full, but remember all things conspire to deplete your battery in winter, short trips, hard starting, slow driving, etc.

—Let us examine your battery, charge it if necessary, and keep it in good working order.

—We also repair and over-haul batteries, and are equipped to keep your battery in winter storage.

Illinois Tire & Vulcanizing Co.

(Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back)
313 W. State St., Opp. Court House
Bell Phone 133 Ill. Phone 1104

We Accept Liberty Bonds for DIAMONDS

APPRAISER **E. D. HEINL** DEALER

Jacksonville Storage & Transfer Co.

607-611 EAST STATE STREET

General Transfer and Storage.

Crating and shipping furniture a specialty.

With our auto truck we are prepared to take care of your suburban hauling.

FURNITURE BOUGHT AND SOLD

Both Phones 721

Quality and Economy

Is what you get by buying your Meats etc. from

DORWART'S

Cash Market



37% More For Your Money
Get the Genuine
CASCARA QUININE
No advance in price for this 20-year-old remedy—25c for 24 tablets. Some cold tablets now 30c for 24 tablets—figured on proportionate cost per tablet, you save 9c when you buy Hill's—Cure Cold in 24 hours—grip in 3 days—Money back if it fails. 24 Tablets for 25c. At any Drug Store.

MEMORIAL HELD FOR MISS MOTHERSHEAD

Exercises of Impressive Character Were Held at Woman's College Wednesday Morning—Beautiful Tributes Paid to Memory of Miss Mothershead By Those With Whom She Was Associated.

An impressive service was held at the Woman's College yesterday in memory of Miss Amy Mothershead, late dean of the faculty of the college since 1913. President Harker presided and after brief remarks and an organ voluntary by Mr. Stearns announced the well known hymn, "Lead Kindly Light." He then read a portion of the 21st chapter of Revelations and later announced the several speakers of the occasion. All spoke most tenderly and beautifully of the deceased telling in eloquent

Mallory Bros

We Buy STOVES Men and Women's CLOTHING WE BUY EVERYTHING SELL EVERYTHING 225 South Main Street Both Phone 436

FEW CENTS DESTROYS YOUR DANDRUFF AND STOPS FALLING HAIR

Save Your Hair! Make It Thick, Wavy and Beautiful—Try This!

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die, then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, lustre and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance, an incomparable gloss and softness; but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp.—Adv.

TAKE "CASCARETS" IF HEADACHY, BILIOUS AND CONSTIPATED

Best for Liver and Bowels, Bad Breath, Bad Colds, Sour Stomach

Get a 10 cent box. Sick headache, biliousness, coated tongue, head and nose clogged up with a cold—always trace this to torpid liver; delayed, fermenting food in the bowels, or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10 cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels regular for months.—Adv.

BREAKS A COLD IN A HURRY

"Pape's Cold Compound" is pleasant and affords Instant Relief.

A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end grippe misery and break up a cold. It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves sick headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed up! Quit blowing and snuffling! Ease your throbbing head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine. Don't accept something else.—Adv.

and loving terms her many good qualities. Of the different addresses only a very brief outline is possible.

Words of Appreciation
For the Monday Conversation club, Mrs. W. S. Jones spoke. "I am indeed glad to express the feelings we entertained toward Miss Mothershead. You can hardly realize the inspiration she was to us by her presence which ever prompted us to do the best in our power."

"When we strive to do the best in us we know what it means to lose such a friend and helper. While we may not recall the words she uttered we feel the influence of her presence among us every day. When we did meet as it was occasionally, her presence was ever an inspiration to us. Her work is done and we will carry it on. The monument she left, her pure, sweet life and example will ever be here."

For the students Miss Eleanor Sherrell spoke. "I come to offer a token of appreciation of Miss Mothershead but it cannot be done by words alone. The quiet, hushed feeling here today is a tribute to the one who had such an influence over those whom she taught from day to day."

"Her influence over the students was of the best and we saw in her the life we had dreamed. Her never failing sense of loving devotion was characteristic of her."

"She gave of herself bountifully, freely, unselfishly. When she went to answer the call of her Master it was like the close of the day ending in a beautiful sunset. We will not say she is dead, only away for a little time and happy among many she loved here on earth and with the Master whom she devotedly served."

Speaks for Faculty
For the faculty Miss Jennie Anderson spoke. "When the bright star disappears beyond the mountains it is not extinguished; it shines for others far away. The years Miss Mothershead was with us were years of preparation. She had many plans and hopes."

The length of a useful life is not measured by years but by deeds. She was ever a true friend in time of need. She was a soul of truth and honor; ever considerate of others. The days were all too short for her to accomplish what she desired."

"As the semester drew to a close we little thought it would be the last for her. She was happy in the ability to go home and greet the ones she held dear and she had hoped to go away for a longer trip but when the death angel entered that sick room he didn't come out alone but another was present."

"We will dedicate ourselves to the work she loved. It will be ever a blessed privilege to hold her in loving remembrance and try to show that her labor with us was not in vain."

Mrs. Lambert For Trustees
For the trustees Mrs. Belle Short Lambert spoke. She first read the minute the trustees ordered spread on the records:

"With high appreciation of all that Miss Amy M. Mothershead has given to the College administration and to the faculty during the years she has been Dean of the College, the trustees have received with profound regret and sorrow, the announcement of her sudden death on the night of Thursday, December the twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and seventeen."

Miss Mothershead accepted the appointment as Dean of the College in the summer of 1913. With signal ability she met the requirements of the office, and in the discharge of its manifold duties evinced keen intelligence and much resourcefulness. In the development of high standards, her unflinching patience omitted no detail that added completeness to her plan. She met the problems of the large community life of the students with sympathetic understanding, and they found in her both friendship and inspiration.

Dean Mothershead served the College well. The impress of her ideals, her personality and culture, will abide in its halls and in the lives of those who have here been associated with her.

With this memorial the trustees also wish to record the gift of a valuable collection of books on psychology and kindred subjects which Miss Mothershead had in her personal library in the College. In memory of her sister, Mrs. H. B. Lusch presents to the College this little library of choice volumes, and several beautiful pictures that hung in her room, gifts that are of much value and are received with especial appreciation and regard.

She added: "May this half hour be imperishable in your memories. When I was a student in the college we were told the building was on fire and were bade go quietly to our rooms, remove all we could and leave with safety avoiding anything like a panic. It was an event we have told our children and grandchildren and so may this occasion be indelibly impressed on your minds."

"May the example of the dear one who has left us be indelibly impressed on your minds and may your lives be nobler and better for being with her. God bless you evermore."

That beautiful hymn, "One Sweetly Soli-m Thought" was then most impressively sung by Mrs. Hartman and Miss Lazelle after which Dr. Harker spoke briefly.

"By faith we know we are yet with the dear one whose memory we honor today. Knowledge goes

DO MOTHERS ERR?

When we hear of so many school girls and girls in stores and offices who are often totally unfit to perform their daily duties because of some derangement peculiar to their sex, might this not have been prevented by the mother who, perhaps through neglect or carelessness, failed to get for that daughter the one great root and herb remedy for such ailments, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? This old-fashioned medicine is said to have alleviated more suffering of woman-kind than any other remedy known to medicine.—Adv.

but a short way and we should make poor progress in the journey of life without faith. Live is eternal. Her's was the true love which never fades."

"Prophecies shall fail; tongues shall cease and knowledge shall vanish away for I am persuaded that neither death or life, nor angels, nor principalities nor powers, nor things present, nor things to come, nor height nor depth nor any other creature shall be able to separate us from the love of God which is in Christ Jesus our Lord."

COMMITTEE REPORTS ON MARKET CONDITIONS

Live Stock Association Committee Emphasizes Need of Broader Field for Disposal of Beef, Mutton and Lamb if Production is not to be Reduced.

Salt Lake City, Jan. 15.—Immediate need of a broader field for disposal of beef, mutton and lamb, if production of those meats is not to be reduced, was asserted in the report of the market committee of the American National Live Stock association, presented to the twenty-first annual meeting of that body here today.

Summarizing market conditions, the report said there were a tremendous shortage of hogs, a moderate shortage of sheep and liberal supplies of cattle in the United States; there is no danger of any other country invading the American stock man's market for some time to come owing to shipping shortages it went on, and there are unusually large numbers of sheep and cattle in feed lots and "liberal receipts of fat cattle and lambs at congested markets, which are selling at heavy losses to producers." It added:

"Curtailment in domestic consumption of meat on patriotic and economical grounds, the limited exports of beef, owing to lack of shipping facilities and the growing danger that producers of beef and mutton will become discouraged on account of heavy losses, lose faith in the representations of the food administration and curtail production next season."

"There is need of prompt action on the part of the food administration to avert this."

There is need also, the report said of a better understanding of producers problems and a more sympathetic attitude on the part of the public toward them.

The report commended David F. Houston, secretary of agriculture, for his efforts to prevent speculation in necessities due to the war, and gave approval of the federal food investigation by the federal trade commission, with special reference to meat. E. L. Burke, of Omaha, Neb., chairman of the committee, read the report.

Concerning the licensing of packers, recently put into effect by the government, the report said this action "is what we have wanted for years. A close relation, it asserted, should be maintained between prices of live stock 'on foot' and 'dressed.' It continued: 'Big declines in prices on foot should be reflected promptly in corresponding declines in wholesale prices' of meat."

"There seems to be something wrong in the operation of this very simple principle. It is one of the important things which should be checked at frequent intervals."

The report made a warm argument for extension to the cattle and sheep producers of the same sort of guarantee of a minimum price which has been given the hog raiser by the food administration. Otherwise, it said, there will be a disposition on the part of producers to "hedge by producing less meat."

ILLINOIS TO CHARLESTON

Coach Harmon will take his basketball trossers to Charleston today where they will play a return game with Eastern Illinois Normal this evening. When the teams met here Illinois won by a score of 29 to 26 after an exciting finish. Illinois came from behind in great shape and outplayed the Normal men. Had Illinois been familiar with the floor at David Prince gymnasium as most home teams are, probably the score would have been larger. Eastern Normal has a strong team and being familiar with their floor no doubt will give Illinois the battle of her life tonight. The itinerary of the Illinois team also includes a game with Sparks Business college at Shelbyville and Blackburn college at Carlinville. The following men will make the trip, Cox, Hill, Cully, Tomlinson, J. Daigh, P. Daigh H. Swain.

A PATRIOTIC MEETING

Ridgely Encampment No. 9, I. O. O. F. is making preparations for its next regular meeting, which will be held Friday evening Jan. 18th, at their hall on West State street. The meeting will be in the nature of a patriotic occasion.

Urania Lodge No. 243 I. O. O. F. has shown her patriotism in a substantial way by investing two thousand five hundred dollars in Government Liberty Loan Bonds, and, now Old Ridgely Encampment has decided that on Friday she will buy the limit at one purchase, of thrift stamps, or in other words she will buy a War Loan Certificate and twenty thrift stamps, and a committee is arranging a patriotic program and ceremony in connection with the affixing of the stamps to the certificate.

There will be patriotic speeches by prominent Old Fellows, and other entertainment, and refreshments will be served. Absent members will certainly miss a great treat of reason and reinforcements. The committee in charge consists of T. M. Tomlinson, Judge W. E. Thomson and W. E. Mann.

SENT TO JAIL

Jesse Harris was before Justice Crum yesterday and was fined \$20 and costs on the charge of assault and battery upon Lena Wells. Being unable to pay the fine he was sent to jail.

SOME POEMS BY AMELIA AND AN INSCRIPTION

The following beautiful lines were taken from a copy of a book of poems published by Miss Amelia B. Welby—who was a daughter of Geo. Welby, Esq., of Louisville, Ky.—and in 1854 when the copy referred to was published, it had reached the 12th edition. Miss Welby was born in the year 1821.

A lady who was for many years a resident of this city, and whose frequent poetic contributions to the local press were of a high order, and greatly appreciated by her many friends has had a copy of the poems—for many years a valued volume in the home of her parents—and recently sent the book to her brother in this city with a poetic inscription of appreciation of Miss Welby's ability as a writer of true poetry. (The writer of the "Inscription" is known to nearly all Jacksonville people as Ida Scott Taylor and the verses were sent to her brother, Capt. F. C. Taylor). The poems are printed below:

The Rainbow
By Amelia B. Welby.
I sometimes have thoughts, in my loneliest hours,
That lie on my heart like the dew on the flowers,
Of a ramble I took one bright afternoon.
When my heart was as light as a blossom in June;
The green earth was moist with late fallen showers,
The breeze fluttered down and blew open the flowers,
While a single white cloud, to its haven of rest
On the white wing of peace, floated off in the west.

As I threw back my tresses to catch the cool breeze,
That scattered the rain-drops and dimpled the seas,
Far up in the blue sky a fair rainbow lay,
Its soft tinted pinions of purple and gold.
'Twas born in a moment, yet, quick as its birth,
It had stretched to the uttermost ends of the earth,
And, fair as an angel, it floated as free,
With a wing on the earth and a wing on the sea.

How calm was the ocean! how gentle its swell!
Like a woman's soft bosom it rose and it fell;
While its light sparkling waves, stealing laughingly o'er,
When they saw the fair rainbow, knelt down on the shore.
No sweet hymn ascended, no murmur of prayer,
Yet I felt that the spirit of worship was there,
And bent my young head, in devotion and love,
'Neath the form of the angel, that floated above.

How wide was the sweep of its beautiful wings!
How boundless its circle! how radiant its rings!
If I looked on the sky, 'twas suspended in air;
If I looked on the ocean, the rainbow was there;
Thus forming a girdle, as brilliant and whole
As the thoughts of the rainbow, that circled my soul.
Like the wing of the Deity, calmly unfurled,
It bent from the cloud and encircled the world.

There are moments, I think, when the spirit receives
Whole volumes of thought on its unwritten leaves,
When the folds of the heart in a moment unclose
Like the innermost leaves from the heart of a rose.
And thus, when the rainbow had passed from the sky,
The thoughts it awoke were too deep to pass by;
It left my full soul, like the wing of a dove
All fluttering with pleasure, and fluttering with love.

I know that each moment of rapture or pain
But shortens the links in life's mystical chain;
I know that my form, like that bow from the wave,
Must pass from the earth, and lies cold in the grave;
Yet O! when death's shadows my bosom encloud,
When I shrink at the thought of the coffin and shroud,
May Hope, like the rainbow, my spirit enfold
In her beautiful pinions of purple and gold.

Inscription to "Poems By Amelia"
Book of my childhood's happy hour!
Replete with sacred memories—
When life was like a world of flowers,
Of leafy woods, and birds, and bees,
And I careless butterfly,
Gathered its sweets while passing by.

Book that my father loved and knew,
And taught my childish life its verse,
'Till I imbibed its spirit too,
And often would its lines rehearse—
Until the rhythm, time and tone
Sang in my heart as if my own.

Yet, not alone I loved this book,
For at the family dear to me
Conned o'er its pages, and partook
Of its delightful minstrelsy—
Until Amelia Welby's name
A precious household word became.
Los Angeles, Cal., Nov., 1917.

BRITISH MAKE DRIVE FOR RECRUITS.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Practically every man in the British-Canadian recruiting mission here has been wounded; all have seen active service, according to Maj. W. S. Biggs. A recent duty of the mission has

been the visiting of large employers of labor thruout the middle west and even addressing the men. Few of auditors of the British officers guess that the speakers each carry one or more wounds. Some still have shell splinters in their flesh while others have but recently, after painful months, come out of the daze of shell shock. And when recovered they will go back for more.

The thesis of their drive for recruits is that employers should not allow Britishers, resident in the United States and thus immune to the British draft, to stand around waiting to step into the jobs of drafted Americans.

"We tell 'em to give themselves a square deal," said Lieut. Masson, who is about ready to return to France. "It isn't right for some British blighter to hide behind the Stars and Stripes and get the best of the good American who goes out to fight for it. So we ask the men to see to it that these Britishers get out and fight. We take 'em from 19 to 45 for active service, and up to 56 years for special duties, such as shipbuilding and carpentry."

FORMER RESIDENT MARRIED
Mr. and Mrs. Grant Gaines of Caldwell street, this city, have received from their son Harold V., at East St. Louis, the news of his marriage January 12 to Miss Elsie G. Schmidt, also of East St. Louis. Harold Gaines is a former Jacksonville boy. He was a student through the Sophomore year of the High School and afterwards attended Brown's Business College, taking a course in accounting and bookkeeping. Mr. Gaines is at present employed as bookkeeper for the I. Abraham Fur Company of St. Louis. He has a host of relatives and friends in Morgan county and is the grandson of W. B. Rexroat. The bride is an accomplished young woman and is a member of one of East St. Louis' most substantial and oldest families. She is a graduate of East St. Louis High School and an accomplished athlete, holding the championships of both East St. Louis and St. Louis high schools at contests in tennis and swimming. Mr. and Mrs. Gaines will remain in East St. Louis.

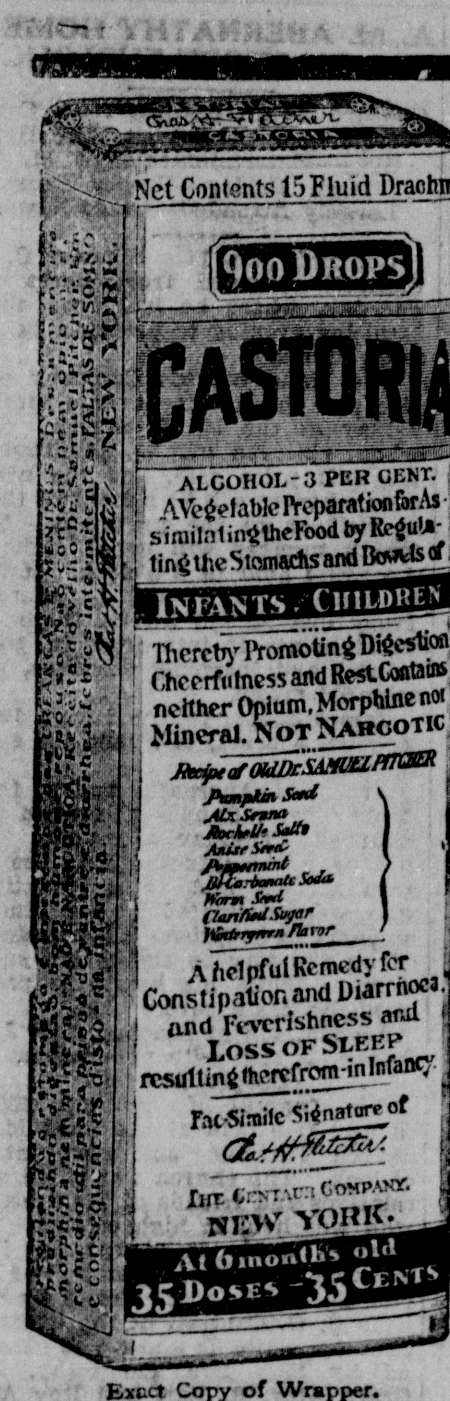
W. C. Cleary of the northeastern direction was a city business caller yesterday.

Stop Itching Eczema

Never mind how often you have tried and failed, you can stop burning, itching eczema quickly by applying a little zemo furnished by any druggist for 35c. Extra large bottle, \$1.00. Healing begins the moment zemo is applied. In a short time usually every trace of eczema, fever, pimples, rash, blackheads and similar skin diseases will be removed.

For clearing the skin and making it vigorously healthy, always use zemo, the penetrating, antiseptic liquid. It is not a greasy salve and it does not stain. When others fail it is the one dependable treatment for skin troubles of all kinds.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fitcher In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

HEAT YOUR HOME WITH

Vacuum System of Heating

BERNARD GAUSE

225 East State St

Now is the Time to Install the Plant for Next Winter.



Three Factors in Long Battery Life

Willard Plates, Willard Threaded Rubber Insulation and Willard Expert Service—these three factors give you the strongest assurance of long battery life.

The first two mean the best plates made, protected by insulation that is impervious to the corrosive action of the battery solution, and Willard

Service protects the battery while it's in use, putting regular care by battery experts right into your hands, and—when you do need repairs or recharging—providing the men and the equipment to do the job right.

Next time you're near come in for the booklet "The Story of 196,000 Little Threads"—it tells all about the "Still Better Willard."

MODERN GARAGE

Wheeler & Sorrells, Proprietors

STORAGE BATTERY
Willard
SERVICE STATION

January Cash Sale

C. C. PHELPS DRY GOODS CO.

January Cash Sale

10-Day Profit-Sharing January Cash Sale

Now Going On and Ends Saturday, January 19

This Profit Sale is of especial importance this year. Every year since our first announcement of these sales, they have meant to thrifty home makers the year's greatest opportunities. Now is the time to replenish household linens, cottons and blankets, and to profit by the savings on Longcloths, Nainsooks and Dress Fabrics.

In this year of 1918 this announcement becomes even more a message of economy. The limited importations, the scarcity of raw materials, the increased demands upon manufacturers for these articles—all tend to lessen supplies, magnify consumption and elevate prices. Indications would seem to point to a discontinuance of this sale for some time. Here are many money-saving opportunities which have been arranged for this sale, commencing TODAY.

MUSLINS, LINENS, ETC.

85c 70-in. Table Damask	69c
30c 40-in. White Lawn	19c
25c 36-in. Cambric	19c
20c part linen brown	
Crash	16c
22c part linen bleached	
Crash	17c
40c Steven's bleached	
Russian Crash	29c
30c Steven's brown	
Russian Crash	25c
50c fancy Feather Ticking	41c
\$5.00 fancy Plaid Cotton	
Blankets	\$3.89
\$1.25 embroidered Pillow	
Cases	89c

MUSLINS AND SHEETINGS

20c 36-in. Brown Muslin	16c
23c 36-in. Brown Muslin	19c
23c 36-in. Bleached Muslin	19c
25c 36-in. Hope Muslin	20c
30c 42-in. Pillow Tubing	22c
35c 36-in. Linen Finish	
Pillow Tubing	23c
72-in. 50c bleached Sheet-	
ing	44c
81-in. 60c Bleached Sheet-	
ing	48c
72-in. 45c Unbleached	
Sheeting	41c
81-in. 55c Unbleached	
Sheeting	44c
20c Fancy Silkolines	17c

SILKS, VELVETS, DRESS GOODS

36-in. 75c Silk and Linen	
Crepe, all shades	49c
36-in. \$1.25 Silk Poppins,	
all colors	98c
36-in. \$2.00 Fancy Silks,	
a wonderful showing	\$1.69
36-in. \$2 Black Satin	\$1.49
36-in. \$2 Black Taffeta	\$1.59
40-in. \$3.00 Fancy	
Georgette Crepe	\$1.98
40-in. Indestructible Voile	
white and black, \$2.25	
value	\$1.69
36-in. \$1.00 Storm	
Serges, all wool	90c
27-in. \$1.25 black or	
navy Corduroy	89c
36-in. \$1.00 Fancy	
Kimono Silk	79c
36-in. Percales, 25c value	20c

All Wool Dress Goods Remnants Half Price

300 lbs. Khaki or Gray Yarn for sweaters, helmets or sox, the pound \$3.00

The Midwinter Before Inventory Sale of

Women's, Misses' and Girls' Apparel

Prices are radically lowered throughout, styles are distinctive, with a certain freshness and newness seldom an outstanding mark of usual reduction events of this sort. Variety provides for every winter apparel need of Women, Misses and Girls.

This, in a broad way, defines this sale. Its full import, the exceptional advantages it brings so opportunely, only a visit will reveal. We believe that this sale will meet every expectation and rank itself superior in its kind.

Women's Suits Reduced to \$19.75 and \$15.75

Really exceptional Suits to find at such pricing. Some are broadcloth, others of burella cords in such desired colorings as taupe, brown green, navy blue, and in smart, simple styles.

Suits Reduced to \$36.75

Suits of uncommon distinctness fashioned of rich wool broadcloth. Exceptional values, \$36.75.

Suits Reduced to \$27.75

Suits of fine velours, of broadcloths. Note: In the women's groups a splendid selection of extra size suits, \$27.75.

Suits Reduced to \$23.75

In most desirable fabrics—broadcloths, burella cords, wool velours, gabardines in styles both plainly tailored and less severe belted, \$23.75.

Women's and Misses' Frocks Reduced to \$13.25 and \$19.75

Frocks of satin with Georgette or all satin, frocks of taffeta in dark colors, all most delightful styles in interesting variety and even- ing frocks of taffeta and metal laces. Altogether these form one of the most interesting groups from point of style and of pricing — \$13.25 and \$19.75.

Frocks Reduced to \$27.75

Serge frocks, smart and simple, wool Jersey frocks in the lighter shades so much in demand, frocks of satins, of Georgette crepe and of crepe de chine. A notable grouping at \$27.75.

Frocks Reduced to \$31.75

Exquisite frocks in styles for afternoon wear, of satins, taffetas and Georgette Crepes and soft velveteens; touches of beading and embroideries and in dark, rich colorings, \$31.75.

Frocks Reduced to \$34.25

Every need in this group. Tailored tricotines and broadcloths of uncommon style, afternoon frocks of Georgette crepes and satins, priced at \$34.25.

Women's Coats Reduced Radically to \$12.75

This group of Coats presents splendid winter fashions developed in velour cloths and chevoits. The colorings are those universally desired—navy blue, brown and green—the styles splendid for "all-around" wear—\$12.75.

Women's Coats at \$14.75 and \$19.75

At \$14.75 Coats of velour cloths in navy blue, brown, taupe, green and black. General utility coats of mixtures at \$19.75. In addition there are coats of pom pom cloth and a few of Bolivia cloth

Women's Coats at \$23.25 and \$27.75

At \$23.25 a splendid selection of Coats in pom pom, Bolivia and velour cloths of duvet de laine. At \$27.75 Coats with rich fur trimmings, in such fabrics as Bolivia cloths and duvet de laines.

WOMEN'S HIGH GRADE VELOUR COATS

Absolutely New Coats! Just from Makers! Amazing Savings! Priced at \$31.75, \$39.75, \$45.75 and \$59.75

Women's Separate Skirts Reduced Sharply; Now \$7.75, \$8.75, \$9.75

At \$7.75 Skirts of serges, poplins, plain colors, plaids, checks. Many in plaited styles.

At \$8.75 finer wool Skirts, taffeta Skirts, satin Skirts — many suitable for afternoon wear.

At \$9.75 plaid silk Skirts, wool Skirts, Skirts of velveteen in the colors most desired this season.

Blouses Reduced to \$3.35, \$4.95, \$5.95 and \$6.75 Four Groups of Exceptional Interest

At \$3.35 Blouses of crepe de chine.

At \$4.95 Blouses of Georgette crepe in suit colors, beaded and embroidered; also a few in light colors.

At \$5.95 Blouses of dark color satins, Georgette crepes, both in light and dark colors.

At \$6.75 Blouses of fine French embroidered and Pussy Willows, really unusual values.

Girls' Coats: Desirable Winter Styles—Greatly Reduced

Four Groups—\$2.95, \$5.25, \$6.95 and \$7.75

The pricing varies according to style. The values are, however, uniformly unusual. In the lower price group are splendid serviceable School Coats. Among the finer Coats are those of Broadcloth, fur trimmed.

The reductions prevailing are so out-of-the-ordinary that no garment selected from any clearance sale group will be accepted after purchase for credit, refund or exchange.

Early Spring Showing of Frocks for Your Inspection

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

Women's \$1.50 Wool	
Drawers, size 34 only	75c
Boys' 50c Fleece Shirts	
and Drawers	25c
Women's \$1.00 fleeced	
Union Suits	79c
Women's 50c White Pants	
or Vests	39c
Children's 50c Medium	
Weight Union Suits	39c
Boys' \$1.50 and \$2 Wool	
Union Suits	\$1.29
Women's \$1.25 Silk Hose	\$1.00
Men's Outing Night Shirts,	
\$1.25 value	\$1.00
75c Teddy Bear Blankets	69c
25c White Crib Blankets	20c
\$1.25 Cut Glass Flower	
Baskets	95c
Women's 50c Fiber Silk	
Hose, black, white pink	
and champagne	49c
Children's 20c fine rib-	
bed black Hose	15c
Men's 50c heavy Wool Sox	39c

EXTRA SPECIAL

Women's 50c black	
fleece Hose	39c
Men's 40c heavy Wool	
Sox	29c
Children's 25c white Lisle Hose	
20c pair, or 3 pairs for	50c
Men's 50c Lisle Sox, black,	
white and bronze	35c
Women's 50c heavy black	
Wool Hose	39c

NOTIONS

Ladies' 50c slightly soiled	
Handkerchiefs	25c
Ladies' 25c slightly soiled	
Handkerchiefs	15c
Men's 10c white Hand-	
kerchiefs	7c
\$2.00 Wool Cap and	
Scarf Set	\$1.00
\$1.50 Wool Cap and	
Scarf Set	75c
35c Fancy Ribbons	25c
29c Children's Wool Golf	
Gloves	21c
50c Palm Olive Face	
Powder	35c
3 bars Palm Olive or	
Castile Soap	29c
50c Soiled Neckwear	25c
3 pairs 15c Slipper Trees	25c
25c Palm Olive Talcum	19c
15c ball Angora Yarn	11c
3 packages 15c Envelopes	25c
10c white or colored Cro-	
chet Cotton, 3 for	25c
10c Pearl Buttons	6c
10c Snaps	6c

BASEMENT

Gold, floral rose spray or blue bordered Cups, Saucers and Plates, 25c values \$21c

SPECIALS IN PIECE GOODS

20c white, pink and light blue Outing	15c
25c 36-inch black and white checked Suiting	20c
25c 36-inch Cretonnes, for comforts	15c
25c 36-inch light Percales	20c
25c Dress Gingham	20c
20c Apron Gingham	15c
20c 27-inch light and dark Percales	16c
75c 64-inch Mercerized Table Damask	59c

BASEMENT

16c 36-inch Bleached Muslin	12 1/2c
SPECIALS IN GRANITE WARE	
29c 8-quart Tin Dish Pan	20c
20c 2-quart Granite Mixing Bowl, 2-quart Granite Dairy	
Bowl, each	15c
35c 12-quart Wash Basin, 6-quart Pudding Pan, 8-quart Dish	
Pan, 4-quart Stew Pan, choice of either	29c
75c 14-quart Blue Enamel Dish Pan, 2-quart Coffee Pot,	
6-quart Berlin Kettle, choice of the lot	59c
10-quart Blue Enamel Water Pail	59c
40c Gray Enamel Covered Stew Pan	29c
60c Japaned Coal Hod	49c

BASEMENT

50c Wash Board	39c
60c Wash Board	49c
35c Clothes Baskets	29c
65c Clothes Baskets	49c
75c Clothes Baskets	59c
85c Clothes Baskets	79c
79c China Slop Jars	69c
\$1.50 China Slop Jars	\$1.39
\$1.25 Granite Slop Jars	\$1.13
85c House Brooms	69c
90c House Brooms	79c
6 rolls 8-1-3c Toilet Paper	29c

DURING THIS SALE THE TERMS ARE CASH

No merchandise laid aside. No goods on approval. Satisfaction, courteous treatment and a cordial welcome to everybody. Come and share the profits with us.

EXTRAORDINARY SPECIAL

with a purchase of one dollar's worth of merchandise in the basement you can have 7 bars of the celebrated Ben Hur Soap for 25c

MAKES THEM FEEL LIKE STORIED THIRTY CENTS

New Suggestion to Exemption Board Members is Salary Figured on Small Per Capita Basis—The Department's Letter Goes Into Many Details.

The Morgan county exemption board yesterday received a communication transmitted thru the office of the adjutant general in which the question as to the compensation for members of the board is discussed at length. It is now the proposal that boards shall be allowed payment on a per capita basis and the suggested amount is an allotment of 30 cents to each exemption board for each man finally classified in accordance with questionnaire outline.

This, in effect, is suggesting that members of exemption boards be allowed the sum of 10 cents apiece for each registered name finally approved. It is further suggested that if for some reason it is desired to appropriate all of the fund thus accruing on the per capita basis to two members, that the amount shall not be more than 25 cents per capita and that if it is desired to pay only one member that the amount shall not be more than 15 cents. It can therefore be seen that it is not the intention of the government to over-pay members of exemption boards.

Members Haven't Talked of Pay

If what is true in Morgan county is true elsewhere the question of pay did not enter into consideration when the members entered upon their duties and had not been discussed since except as broached by the government itself.

The provost marshal in orders had since indicated that the pay allowed board members would be on the basis of \$1 an hour, the pay in no case to amount to more than \$150 a month. Later came a suggestion possibly all board members would unite and agree to make no charge and this was followed shortly by the suggestion mentioned above, that the pay basis shall be 30 cents per classified man. This remuneration is so small

that the suggestion does not strike the Morgan county board favorably at all. This does not mean that the board members are demanding large salaries. In fact, their services for the first five months were donated and they made no mention of salary for subsequent service until the government suggestion. The fact is that they are not now expecting to be paid for their services but they do resent the continual discussion of the subject by government officials. If they are to be paid at all they wish to be paid salaries somewhat commensurate with the burdensome and intricate responsibilities they are required to meet.

The Thirty Cent Split
To talk about splitting 30 cents among board members for each questionnaire savors of pettiness and such a salary allotment would not be a part of the amounts the men would earn if following their usual avocations. The Morgan county board is not worried about salary to be received and is not expecting to be paid salaries but the attitude of the department in declaring that they are to be paid officials and that the pay is to be on a small per capita basis. The pay suggested becomes the more offensive when considered in connection with the original department suggestion about the care used in selecting men of standing and discretion for the great responsibilities of board members.

The communication from the provost marshal referred to above is as follows:

January 14, 1918.

Local and District Boards:
The following Telegram No. A-2380 of the Provost Marshal General is repeated for your information and guidance:

"Washington, D. C.
January 9, 1918.

"Governor
"Springfield, Ill.

"No. A-2380. This office has been urged repeatedly and insistently by members of Local Boards and by other persons in authority throughout the country connected with administration of the Selective Service Law to place the salary and expense feature of the classification system on a unit cost basis so far as possible. These requests have been heartily endorsed by every State Official, connected with the administration of the Law, with whom it has been discussed; particularly since the effort has been made to have Local Boards furnish calculations and estimates of the cost of the work. Many members of Local Boards and other persons have renewed their offers and pledges of gratuitous service; many others have made estimates which indicate a careful investigation of the work to be performed and the reasonable cost thereof; but a considerable number, regardless of the size of registration in their respective jurisdictions, have made estimates on so extravagant a scale that the total cost could not be paid out of any appropriation which Congress would be willing to make or which the people of the Nation would approve.

Conserving Expenditures
"It is necessary not only that this office but that every person connected with the administration of the Selective Service Law shall be conservative in the expenditure of public funds. The nation is at war. Personal sacrifices are being made on every hand. The soldiers who are being selected by Local and District Boards have given up comfortable homes, have severed home ties, in many cases have been obliged to sacrifice large incomes in order to work and fight for their country 24 hours a day for \$30 per month. Most of these men are willing to serve for even less or for nothing. Therefore it is not unreasonable to request the great army composed of Local Board members to meet the Government and cooperate with it in the matter of minimum cost. This is their country, they are part of its army, and it is confidently expected that they will give the Government in the future, as they have in the past the best that is in them, and that they will receive compensation only to the extent that may be necessary in their condition of life.

"In computing a unit cost, this office has endeavored, after consultation with many Board members and State Officials, to fix upon a unit cost, the total of which will equal the compensation which would have been a proper charge under the Regulations. Therefore a regulation has been approved by the President fixing the aggregate compensation to all the members of a Local Board upon the basis of 30c for each registrant finally classified. It will be observed that in absence of other dis-

tribution thereof among the members which may be determined upon by unanimous vote of a Local Board, the aggregate of the unit cost will be divided into equal portions between the members of a Board. It will also be observed that the Board may by unanimous vote change this proportionate distribution so that one or more members may receive more than his proportionate fraction while others may receive less. This provision is not for the purpose of permitting Boards of which some members are rendering gratuitous service to vote an amount which may have been received by them to the other member or members, but it is intended to be applied by Boards only in those cases which for one reason or another sometimes arise, where the greater portion of the work is necessarily performed by one or another of the members of the Board.

The New Regulations
"All Adjutants General are urgently requested immediately to give the widest publicity not only to the new regulation but to the reasons for its promulgation. The new regulation is to take the place of section 195 and is as follows:—

"Section 195 Selective Service Regulations is repealed and in lieu thereof the following is promulgated by the President. Section 195 amended. Local Boards. Compensation. The rate of compensation for members of Local Boards up to and including the completion of the final classification of the registrants within the respective jurisdiction of said Boards shall be on the basis of 30c, as aggregated compensation to the membership of a Local Board, for each registrant to whom a Questionnaire shall have been mailed and who shall have been finally classified in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations. Money due for said work shall be paid in proportionate amounts to each member of a Local Board claiming compensation for its services, unless it shall be requested by the unanimous vote of the Local Board that the moneys due should be paid in some other proportion. In such cases not one member shall receive more than 15c of the allowance of 30c for each classification and no two members shall receive more than 25c for ones classification to be distributed between them.

The Division Plan
There may be cases where all members of a Local Board desire compensation, but where certain members may have performed more work than others who have been unable to give the necessary time. In such cases the Local Board may, by unanimous vote recorded on its minutes, make the proper division of its compensation. There will be other cases where members of Local Boards will do their share of the work and who desire to give their services to the Government without charge. In such cases the amount to be paid to the members claiming compensation will be proportionate only unless otherwise shown by the minutes. The purpose of this provision is to protect the Government for the value of gratuitous services thus rendered by members of Local Boards who do not claim compensation. Sixty per cent (60%) of said compensation shall be due and may be paid when Sixty per cent (60%) (or more) of registrants have been finally classified under Section 109 hereof; and additional 20% may be paid when 80% (or more) of registrants have been finally classified; an additional 10% when 90% of registrants have been finally classified; and the final 10% may be paid when 100% have been finally classified. No payments shall be made by disbursing officers for the work performed by members of Local Boards except in compliance with this Regulation; and no payments shall be made to any members of a Local Board at a greater rate than his proportionate amount of the 30c allowed to entire Local Board for each registrant, except upon receipt by the Disbursing Officer of a certified copy of the minutes of a Local Board as herein mentioned. Section 195 and all other regulations providing any compensation to members of Local Boards are hereby repealed.

Other Provisions
If any compensation based upon the provisions of Section 195 shall have been paid to any member of any Local Board before the promulgation of this Regulation the same shall be considered to have been based upon the provisions of this Regulation and any and all further payments to such members shall be computed accordingly. This Regulation is not intended to nor does it affect compensation of clerks or of examining physicians who are not members of Boards or of allowances for other necessary expenses as provided in these Regulations. In lieu of the certificate concerning services rendered by members of Local Boards to be made by the Chief Clerk of each Local Board as provided in Section 17 hereof the Chief Clerk of each Local Board shall prepare the claims and vouchers for compensation of members of Local Boards under this Regulation and shall enter thereon the following certificate: "I hereby certify that the total number of registrants within the jurisdiction of this Local Board is . . . and that . . . of such registrants have been finally classified in accordance with the Selective Service Regulations." In case of transferred cases whether as to classification or physical examination or both, members of the Local Board of Origin shall be entitled to the compensation herein provided.

"Crowder."
Frank S. Dickson,
Adjutant General.

The local board yesterday, acting for the board of Flint, Mich., sent two young men to Camp Taylor. The men were Boyd Pond of Mercedosia and Emil L. Brockhouse of Mercedosia. Both boys have recently been working at Flint, Mich., and were registered there, but wishing to be mobilized with the Morgan county men, secured the transfer to this district.

C. D. Barnes was up to the city from Manchester yesterday.

FUEL SITUATION IN STATE COMPLICATED

STATE ADMINISTRATOR ISSUES
NEW INSTRUCTIONS TO LOCAL
COMMITTEES.

Confiscation Can Be Resorted to in
Acute Cases—Committees Have
Broad Powers—Immediate Relief
Not in Sight and Consumers Must
Use Strictest Economy—Beards-
town Conditions Typical.

These are days of great activity with the state fuel administration. A very bad situation was made incomparably worse by the great storm which began last Friday. This storm practically paralyzed the coal mining operations and the railroads and conditions will not be normal for many days to come. When railroad yards become disorganized and massed with loaded or unloaded cars it takes a great deal more time to straighten out the trouble than it did to cause them.

Some indication of this situation was shown in the following telegram received by M. F. Dunlap, chairman of the local fuel committee, in response to one he sent on behalf of the local coal dealer. This dealer's record showed that one of the Springfield operators shipped him 1500 tons less during the past few months than he had during the corresponding month of 1916. The coal dealer laid these facts before Mr. Dunlap with the suggestion that if the matter was taken up with the state fuel administrator it might result in more liberal shipments and thus help out with the local shortage. This is the answer that came:

Borrow from Your Neighbor
Chicago, Ill., Jan. 15.
M. F. Dunlap, Fuel Administrator,
Jacksonville, Ill.

"Impossible for railroads to move coal at present. Exhaust every local resource by borrowing from industrial plants and plentifully supplied consumers. If this is inadequate wire car numbers, destinations, consignee and consignor or all coal in transit in Jacksonville, destined for industrial use. State who will be the new consignee and who guarantees payment. Will notify you if you may confiscate."

J. E. Williams, State Fuel Admr.
The telegram made it clear that for the present there is no use insisting upon any further shipments from the particular mining company mentioned, and further made clear that local fuel committees have very broad powers in acting to relieve cases of distress. The day previous when complaint came from Chapin Mr. Dunlap suggested to the person who made the complaint that the best course would be to get the exact data with reference to persons who had fuel in their cellars or bins in Chapin and arrange to borrow. This is just the action that is suggested by Mr. Williams. It is clear that confiscation is also possible under certain conditions.

The local fuel situation yesterday was somewhat improved. There had been no coal received over the Alton for several days but a number of cars were brought in Wednesday morning on an early train. This action was taken after special pressure had been brought to have the Alton management hurry forward the cars which had been at Murrayville for more than 24 hours. Traffic had been delayed on account of the wreck near Murrayville. Some coal also came in on other roads and dealers stated that the situation was generally better and that there were no cases of actual distress. This, however, does not mean that nearly all the coal needed has been shipped but that by equitable distribution all industries and private consumers were being furnished enough coal for immediate needs. The Burlington railroad service was the most undisturbed by the great storm and some coal has been brought in over that road every day but one since last Friday, when the blizzard began.

Situation Worse Elsewhere
While it takes a great deal of scheming on the part of the local committee and dealers to keep the supply here anywhere equal to the demand, Jacksonville is fortunately situated by comparison with even nearby cities and towns. In Beardstown, for example, there has been an actual shortage of coal for two months past, in the past week the scarcity of coal has made it necessary for many families to "move in" with their friends. In this way there has been a great deal of doubling of households in order to save coal. In other homes the plan followed is to use only two or three rooms. One of the residents there recently wrote relatives here that they had no heat in their bedrooms and were using the kitchen also for a dining and sitting room.

How country wide is the fuel shortage is indicated by the drastic order of the fuel administration requiring the closing down of industries for a five day period beginning next Friday, and providing also for the observance of Monday as a holiday during the next ten weeks.

The following circular letter was received yesterday by Mr. Dunlap from the state fuel administrator with the request that publicity be given the facts which are included. The letter emphasizes anew the broad powers granted to fuel committees.

Can Divert Shipments
January 14, 1918.
Yesterday a telegram was sent to all Chairmen announcing the postponement of the conference for January Fifteenth and forbidding all divisions and confiscations unless first authorized by the State Fuel Administrator.

The State Administrator has authority to divert coal in transit for emergency domestic or public utility use. This power will not be exercised unless that statement of facts shows a real necessity and also shows that the particular coal proposed to be diverted can be taken without causing distress elsewhere. Most of the coal now in transit to dealers, is desperately needed where consigned and can be diverted only with grave risk. Nevertheless, on a clear showing of necessity, authority to divert will be granted if the particular car number, consignor and consignee is given. Unauthorized diversion and confiscation are unlawful and render the perpetrator liable to prosecution. All railroads are ordered to report such lawless acts.

Use the telephone and telegraph freely in keeping in touch with every community in your district and with this office. Communicate with this office by calling Randolph 4350, Branch 84, Mr. C. E. Allen or Mr. Joseph Halle Schaffner, Director of State Requirements.

Must Report Confiscation
Because of our responsibility to consignees whose coal has been confiscated in transit, it is absolutely essential that every case of diversion or confiscation be reported immediately by the local chairman of the district. Failure to do so, may entail grave consequences.

No request for authority to divert coal should be made until adequate guarantee of payment for the coal and charges, is procured. The consignor and railroad may hold the local chairman responsible for non-payment. Be sure to give us immediately, correct name and address of party to whom invoice for the diverted coal shall be made.

Local chairmen have full authority over retail distribution in their districts. Do not allow industrialists to receive any coal during this emergency unless the domestic consumers and public utilities are provided for. Before it is unloaded, you have authority over all coal consigned to your district and your may distribute it according to your judgment. Coal that has been unloaded may be confiscated; when badly needed for domestic or public utility uses, request should be made of the owner. If refused, notify us at once.

Blockade May Continue
The blockade may not be completely broken for many days and communities which have no coal in transit nor any which the local communities can ask to be diverted as above, must prepare themselves to meet the emergency by conserving the supply on hand. This can best be done by the local committee, by cutting off the supply from all non-essential consumers, according to the sentiment of the community. Substitutes should be used to the utmost.

The railroads have received orders to recognize authorization from this office to you for diversions of coal and to instruct their agents to furnish you with full information concerning any cars in transit about which you may inquire.

In all cases where the Chairmen have complied faithfully and promptly with all instructions, their districts have been allotted their full share of coal by the producers on the basis of last year's supply. This extraordinary storm has created transportation difficulties which can be overcome but slowly and much discomfort must be endured for which no one can be blamed.

Give this letter the fullest publicity so that your communities will understand the conditions under which you perform your duties. Keep yourself accessible at all times to calls from any part of your district.

Your very truly,
John E. Williams,
Federal Fuel Administrator for the State of Illinois.

K. C. EUCHRE AND
DANCE TONIGHT

At K. C. hall at 8 o'clock. For members only.



THE AYERS NATIONAL BANK

There were About 1500 Persons in Morgan County
Whose Total Subscriptions for
LIBERTY LOAN BONDS
EXCEEDED ONE MILLION DOLLARS

We especially invite these subscribers to consider our excellent Safe Deposit Facilities for the protection of your
SECURITIES
Come in and let our Vault Clerk show you our
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES
The Ayers National Bank

The January Icy Winds Chap Your
Hands and Face Unless You Use

**Harmony Cocoa Butter
Cold Cream**

To Prevent It. Price 50c

New Emerson 7-in. Double Disc Records
Just In—35c Each—3 for \$1.00

Luly-Davis Drug Co.
The Rexall Store

PHONES: Ill., 57; Bell, 122. 44 North Side Square

A GOOD RESOLUTION

Feed our Shorts and Oil Meal and Watch Your
Pigs Make Hogs of Themselves.

Fresh Corn Bran \$1.25 cwt.
While It Lasts

S. & H. Green Trading Stamps

McNamara-Heneghan Co.
BROOK MILLS

Illinois, 786 — Telephones — Bell, 61

Read the Journal; 10c a week

GROCERY PRICES REDUCED

By TAYLOR'S New Retailing Plan

Money Saving Prices in Table Necessaries

Lux Soap Flakes . . . 10c	Santa Claus Soap, six cakes . . . 25c
Pancake Flour . . . 10c	Campbell assorted Soups two for . . . 25c
Yeast Foam . . . 4c	Sardines, can . . . 9c
Frame Honey . . . 20c	Bulk Oats, lb. . . 7c
Corn Flakes . . . 10c	White Cherries, can . . . 19c
Salt, sack . . . 4c	Apricots, can . . . 19c
Buckwheat Flour, lb. . . 9c	Prunes, lb. . . 9c
Corn Meal, lb . . . 6½c	Silver Prunes, lb. . . 16c
Crisco, lb. . . 27c	
Hominy, can . . . 9c	

Taylor's Grocery

The Store That Reduced the Price.

EASLEY & CO.
Have Several
KITCHEN CABINETS
—and—
OAK LIBRARY TABLES
For Sale
New and second hand Furniture bought and sold.
217 W. Morgan St.
Ill. Phone 1371

Armstrong
Drug Stores
Two Stores Double Service
235 E. State St.
THROAT
SPRAYS
our reliable
At the first indication
of a sore throat get one of
Antiseptic. A spray a day
keeps the cough away.
Ask to see the new
stock of Atomizers we
have just received.
—It's dangerous and may
be the forerunner of serious
illness.
Throat
With a Sore
Don't Take Chances

OLD HATS MADE NEW
Men's or Women's, by the
Carl System
Don't throw away that old hatin such
times as these. The Carl System of
cleaning, reblocking, rebanding, etc.
makes them as good as new — the
cost is little.

JOHN CARL
The Hatter
Jacksonville Shining
Parlor
Bell Phone 256 Ill. Phone 1257
80 North Side Square

A TEXAS WONDER

The Texas Wonder cures kidney
and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel,
cures diabetes, weak and lame
back, rheumatism and irregularities
of the kidneys and bladder in both
men and women. Regulates bladder
trouble in children. If not sold by
your druggist, will be sent by mail
on receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle
is two months' treatment and seldom
fails to perfect a cure. Send for
sworn testimonials. Dr. E. W.
Hall, 2926 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.
Sold by druggists.—Adv.

**The
Hotel Douglas**

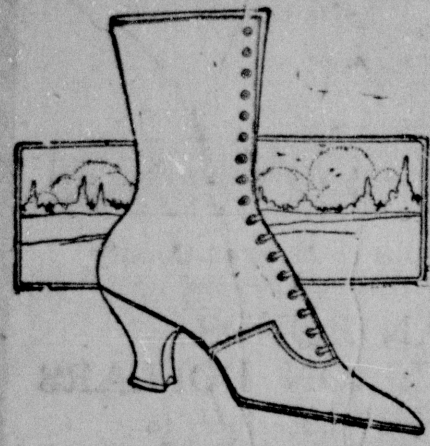
Ye home of ye gripman!

CLASSY
COSY

All Modern Conveniences!
Fit for a King!

P. B. Barbee
Manager

Hopper's Bargain Counter Specials In Womens' Shoes



We must clean up our Womens Patent Shoes regardless of cost and present market values. Nowadays a solid leather shoe at these prices is unknown so here are your good shoes at popular prices. A saving opportunity.

\$2.95

—A splendid assortment of styles in Button and Lace in either leather or cloth tops. Be sure and see these exceptional values. Watch our show case.

\$3.95

—A real choice lot, style and quality the very best, to clean up at this low price; sizes good. Dressy, serviceable shoes at cost. See them.

\$5.00 NOVELTY SHOES \$5.00

We still have a few of those novelty shoes in a good assortment of styles and colors. See our display.

WE HAVE RUBBER FOOTWEAR

Recent arrivals of Felts, Four Buckle Arctics, Rubbers and Leggings. We have the goods.

WOODSON GOES BACK TO PRIMITIVE LIFE

Village Out of Coal and Kerosene Goes Back to Wood and Candles—No Coal Shipped in for Two Weeks

Woodson, Jan. 16.—This place has gone back to primitive pioneer days in the past week. This state of affairs was caused by a famine on coal and kerosene.

No coal had been received for two weeks and many stoves are entirely empty, while others have only enough for a few days. Several citizens have gone to the timber the past few days, cut wood and hauled it to their homes to prevent suffering. There are no prospects for relief in the coal problem at the present time.

For the past two days the village had been out of coal oil and candles, when obtainable, were resorted to for light. A shipment of kerosene arrived Wednesday, thus relieving the light situation.

Stock shipment of all kinds is paralyzed. Several farmers have stock ready for the market but the railroad company will not accept shipment as it is impossible to obtain cars.

We are holding a few hundred calendars for people in the country who could not get in for one. We will gladly reserve one for you if you will phone us.

LUKEMAN BROS.

ENTERTAINMENT AT

PISGAH CHURCH
Go to Union Church in Pisgah Jan. 18th, Friday eve, at 7:30. Entertainment from Farmette and box social; also hot coffee and sandwiches.

CLOVER LEAF CASUALTY CO. IN ANNUAL MEETING

Stockholders and Directors Meet at Company's Home Office—All Previous Achievements Surpassed During Past Year.

The annual meeting of the stockholders and directors of the Clover Leaf Casualty Company was held at the Company's Home Office in this city, January fifteenth and sixteenth. The year 1917 was the greatest in the history of the Clover Leaf Casualty Company in every respect. The company surpassed all previous achievements. All departments organized by the company during 1917 have offered to the insuring public every form of casualty protection, combining it with a maximum of Clover Leaf service, prompt payments to policy holders, and absolute safety. During the year the company accomplished a large increase in premium income at the minimum of cost, and at the lowest expense rate in its history.

At the meeting of the Directors yesterday the old officers were re-elected. With the exception of one member the Board of Directors remain the same. The following are the officers:

Pres.—F. H. Rowe, of Jacksonville.

First Vice Pres. and Auditor—W. C. Bradish of Jacksonville.

Second Vice Pres.—J. H. Lane of Aiton.

Third Vice Pres.—T. J. Kelly, of Peoria.

Secretary—R. Y. Rowe, of Jacksonville.

Medical Director—Dr. L. H. Clamplitt of Jacksonville.

The company is now operating in the states of Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, Georgia and Arkansas; the last two named states have been entered during the past year.

In addition to the lines of casualty insurance written by the company heretofore, which include Industrial Health and Accident Insurance, Monthly Premium Health and Accident Insurance, Commercial Health and Accident Insurance, and the Provident Department conducted from the company's Chicago branch office, the activities have been extended during the past year so that they include an Annual Premium Department and a newly organized Business Men's Department. All departments are represented by 1740 full time salary representatives and salesmen.

It is a pleasure to quote the following items dealing with the record of the Clover Leaf Casualty Company during 1917 and its financial condition at the close of the year:

Premium Income . . . \$361,460.00

Increase in Premium Income over 1916 . . . 82,208.00

Paid to Policy Holders in 1917 . . . 123,519.00

Total paid to Policy Holders . . . 494,417.00

Number of Policy Holders in 1917 . . . 71,000

Grand Assets . . . \$188,415.00

During the month of November, 1917, the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of Illinois made a complete examination and audit of the Company. Extracts from the report of the examiners are as follows: "Upon inspection of the large number of claims paid by the company, I find that settlements have been made in accordance with policy provisions. The number of claims reported up to November, 1917 was 5,260. The Ordinary Department and 1,355 in the Industrial Department. The files of a large percentage of these claims were critically examined and I find that these were settled in accordance with the policies issued. The company's affairs are well managed by experienced persons."

The company has forty established branch offices extending from Kansas City to Cleveland, and from Chicago to Atlanta, Georgia.

SAVE WATER

Consumers are helping with economy methods in water using but we must ask for even more help. Cut down consumption and help keep the city safe from fires.

Joshua Vasconcellos, Commissioner

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE WILL MEET SATURDAY

The executive committee of the Morgan county Sunday School association will hold a meeting in the basement of Ayers National bank Saturday afternoon at 12:30 o'clock. The meeting is being held for the purpose of taking up the matter of raising Morgan county's quota of the \$12,000 war emergency Sunday School fund. The quota of Morgan county is \$200 and no trouble is anticipated in securing the amount.

Clarence L. DePew, field secretary for the State executive board has returned from Chicago where he has been for the past week working on plans looking toward the raising of the War Emergency Fund. Fifty-eight of the 102 counties have already been organized and the work is moving forward rapidly and satisfactorily. The members of the State executive board in charge of the work are: Charles W. Watson of Kewanee, chairman, W. S. Wolford of Peoria and J. M. Dunlap of Quincy.

It is desired that all interested in Sunday school work as well as the delegates be present.

REV. ELMER LESLIE

AT CENTENARY
Rev. Elmer Leslie, pastor of Epler M. E. church at Cambridge, Mass., delivered an address at the prayer meeting service at Centenary Wednesday evening. There was a large number present. The audience numbering nearly 100 people. Rev. Mr. Leslie's subject was "Where There is No Vision the People Perish." He is an eloquent speaker and handled the subject in an able manner, greatly impressing his hearers.

FORMER RESIDENT DEAD IN CHICAGO

Angelo Barbaretto, Resident of Winchester, Dies in Chicago—Was Well Known as Musician—Son Well Known Comic Opera Star—Other News Items of Interest.

Winchester, Jan. 16.—W. C. Cooper, secretary of the local lodge of Modern Woodmen, today received a message from Burl Barbaretto telling of the death of his father, Angelo Barbaretto, which occurred in Chicago Tuesday. Many Winchester people will remember Mr. Barbaretto as he was for many years a resident of this place. He was born at S. Morofort, Italy, and came to this country with his brother and cousin as a traveling musician. He landed in New York City and was there six months coming to this country at the age of sixteen years. The trio came west and played as an orchestra on a Mississippi river steamboat. William Brengle heard them play and invited them to come to Winchester to play for a dance. They came, formed a liking for the people here and the town and decided to locate. They engaged in the carriage painting business in the old Watt building many years ago. Later Angelo Barbaretto married Miss Lovie McPherson of Winchester and to this union one son, Burl Barbaretto, was born. Burl inherited the natural musical talents of his father and has considerable fame as a musician and actor. After leaving Winchester Burl went into vaudeville, and at present resides at Ft. Wayne, Ind. His father, "Angie Barb," as he was familiarly known, readily made friends and his death will be learned with regret by many. His health failed about a year and a half ago and at that time he left Winchester and has since made his home with his son, who has cared for him. It is probable that he will be buried at the home of his son in Ft. Wayne.

Judge Jones failed to reach here this morning on account of railroad service but arrived this evening and sessions of the circuit court will be resumed Thursday morning.

Rev. G. E. Prewitz returned Wednesday morning from a trip to Missouri, Warrensburg and other places.

Harry Dugan is now employed as one of the assistants in the postoffice here.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Allen left Tuesday for Princeton to visit Mr. Allen's mother, who has been quite ill.

Judge F. C. Funk left Wednesday for Bluffs on business.

The high school basketball team expects to meet the Rountt College aggregation Friday night in Jacksonville.

PUBLIC SALE.

Thursday, Jan. 17th, at ten a. m. Amos McCurley will sell at his late residence five miles west of Franklin, two good teams of mare, two other mares, two horses, two colts, three teams of good mules, one team mule colts, 6 cows, 4 yearling steers, 9 heifers, one black bull, one Holstein bull, 2 calves, ten hogs, ten red gilts, 200 bushels threshed oats, 135 bales straw, 150 bales clover hay. The 10 a. m. train will be met at Woodson.

JERSEYVILLE WILL PLAY SATURDAY NIGHT

Jerseyville high will be Jacksonville High's opponent at the David Prince gymnasium Saturday night. Several weeks ago Jerseyville defeated Jacksonville at Jerseyville. The locals have shown great improvement since then and hope to reverse the decision Saturday evening. Coach Hoover will probably start the same lineup that he used in the former game.

A game had been booked with Virginia High for the second team on the same night but it has been cancelled. The Virginia game has been set forward to Friday, February 22. At that time the first team will tackle the Cass county boys who have a strong squad.

Play will begin Saturday evening promptly at 8 o'clock. Weddell of the Y. M. C. A. will be the referee.

SEEKS INFORMATION ABOUT MOTHER.

The Journal is in receipt of a communication from Eddie Falk, now at Camp Dodge, asking information concerning his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Falk. The soldier is with company 229 machine gun battalion and says: "I am looking for information about my dear mother whom I have not seen for more than eight years and who I am now unable to locate. She was for some time in a sanitarium and I addressed a letter there and no answer has come. Any information about Mrs. Falk will be gratefully received."

FOOD FOR QUAIL.

Seldon J. Barnett, who is associated with the department of agriculture in the division of game and fish, has written the Journal asking that farmers of this county be reminded to feed quails while the snow is on the ground. Unless this is done the birds will perish. Mr. Barnett states that farmers feeding quails will be paid a reasonable price for the grain consumed if they forward the bill to him at Meredosia. Mr. Barnett has found several bunches of quail frozen to death because they have not been able to secure food and thus be in condition to withstand the cold.

HAD EARLY CORN.

J. C. Brech, who lives four miles north of Virginia, has been interested in the public discussion of seed corn. Mr. Brech writes that he has about 500 bushels of early yellow corn on his farm which he does not believe was injured by the frost. While men from the state department are making investigations with reference to condition of corn in various localities he hopes that they will inspect this crib.

SOLD HOGS

Floyd Allen of Lynnvill sold a good lot of twenty-three hogs to the Jacksonville Packing company at 16 cents.

Cold Weather Clothes

When You Need Them

Here at This Store are Ample
Assortments for Your Immediate
Cold Weather Needs

Fur Overcoats . . . \$20.00 and Up
Sheep Lined Coats . . . \$7.50 to \$18.50
Mackinaws . . . \$5.00 to \$10.00
Sweater Coats . . . \$1.00 to \$10.00
Wool Union Suits . . . \$2.00 to \$ 5.00
Flannel Shirts . . . \$1.00 to \$ 4.00
Fur Caps . . . \$3.50 to \$ 5.00

KNITTED CAPS

For Men or Women

One-Fingered Auto or Driving Mitts 65c to \$ 1.00
Warm Lined Gloves and Mittens . . 25c to \$ 3.00

CLOTH CAPS, MUFFLERS AND EAR

MUFFS—WOOL HOSE

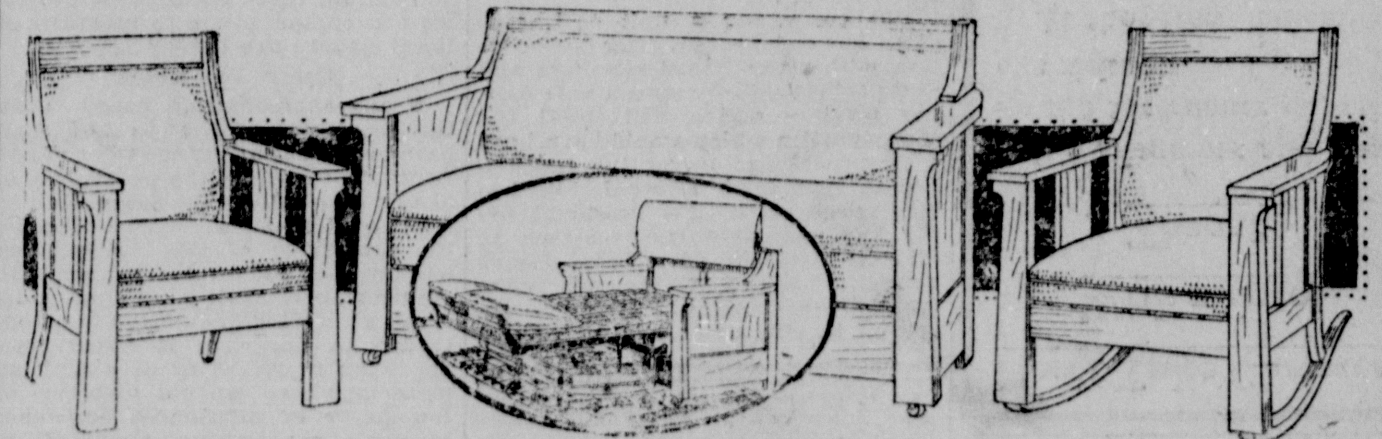


MYERS BROTHERS.

Mid January Prices

Specials of Importance to Economy Buyers!

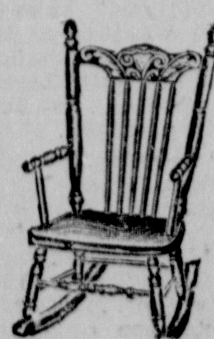
We offer some exceptional values in Furnishings for the home this week, such as Davenport, Davenettes, 3 Piece Library Suites, and Remnants of Matting, Carpets, etc. These offerings should be of interest to you who wish to save, and still make your home comfortable.



Your Opportunity to Save and
Practice Economy

Your Opportunity to Save and
Practice Economy

We have just received a car of Davenports, Davenettes and Three Piece Suites which enables us to make this special offer. Suite as shown, solid quartered oak, upholstered in brown imitation leather. The only davenport where you can use a full size mattress, priced remarkably low for this week, at . . . \$47.75

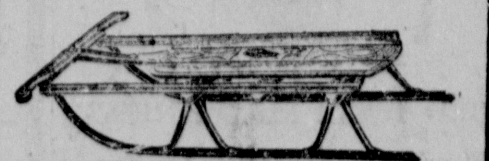


ROCKER VALUE

Finished in
golden oak,
priced this
week at
\$2.15

REMNANTS OF CARPETS and MATTING

All remnants of Carpets
up to six yards reduced
25%.
All remnants of Mat-
tings up to 12 yards to
move quickly at 19c per
yard.



SLED SPECIAL

All solid oak frame, steel runners, bolted construction; a special for . . . 98c

Andre & Andre

The Best Place to Trade After All.

San-Tox - San-Tox

We Conscientiously Recommend the

San-Tox

Line of household remedies
as the BEST Products
of the day to be used in the place of
the Regular Patent Medicines.

Their formulae are known to us.
All are true, tried and tested before
being sold to the public. A trial will
convince you.

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